

**DIAPH1 antibody - C-terminal region**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AI15035****Specification**

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**DIAPH1 antibody - C-terminal region - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O60610</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NM_005219</a> , <a href="#">NP_005210</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Bovine, Dog
Predicted Host	Human, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Bovine, Dog
Clonality	Rabbit
Calculated MW	Polyclonal 141kDa KDa

**DIAPH1 antibody - C-terminal region - Additional Information****Gene ID 1729**

Alias Symbol	DFNA1, DIA1, DRF1, FLJ25265, LFHL1, hDIA1
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**Other Names**

Protein diaphanous homolog 1, Diaphanous-related formin-1, DRF1, DIAPH1, DIAP1

**Format**

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-DIAPH1 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

DIAPH1 antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**DIAPH1 antibody - C-terminal region - Protein Information****Name DIAPH1****Synonyms DIAP1****Function**

Actin nucleation and elongation factor required for the assembly of F-actin structures, such as actin cables and stress fibers (By similarity). Binds to the barbed end of the actin filament and slows down actin polymerization and depolymerization (By similarity). Required for cytokinesis, and transcriptional activation of the serum response factor (By similarity). DFR proteins couple Rho and Src tyrosine kinase during signaling and the regulation of actin dynamics (By similarity).

Functions as a scaffold protein for MAPRE1 and APC to stabilize microtubules and promote cell migration (By similarity). Has neurite outgrowth promoting activity. Acts in a Rho-dependent manner to recruit PFY1 to the membrane (By similarity). In hair cells, it may play a role in the regulation of actin polymerization in hair cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20937854" target="\_blank">20937854</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21834987" target="\_blank">21834987</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26912466" target="\_blank">26912466</a>). The MEMO1-RHOA- DIAPH1 signaling pathway plays an important role in ERBB2-dependent stabilization of microtubules at the cell cortex (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20937854" target="\_blank">20937854</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21834987" target="\_blank">21834987</a>). It controls the localization of APC and CLASP2 to the cell membrane, via the regulation of GSK3B activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20937854" target="\_blank">20937854</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21834987" target="\_blank">21834987</a>). In turn, membrane-bound APC allows the localization of the MACF1 to the cell membrane, which is required for microtubule capture and stabilization (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20937854" target="\_blank">20937854</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21834987" target="\_blank">21834987</a>). Plays a role in the regulation of cell morphology and cytoskeletal organization. Required in the control of cell shape (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20937854" target="\_blank">20937854</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21834987" target="\_blank">21834987</a>). Plays a role in brain development (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24781755" target="\_blank">24781755</a>). Also acts as an actin nucleation and elongation factor in the nucleus by promoting nuclear actin polymerization inside the nucleus to drive serum-dependent SRF-MRTFA activity (By similarity).

#### Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O08808}. Cell projection, ruffle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O08808} Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O08808}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O08808} Note=Membrane ruffles, especially at the tip of ruffles, of motile cells. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O08808}

#### Tissue Location

Expressed in brain, heart, placenta, lung, kidney, pancreas, liver, skeletal muscle and cochlea. Expressed in platelets (PubMed:26912466).

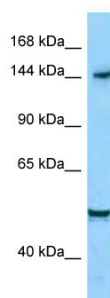
### DIAPH1 antibody - C-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### DIAPH1 antibody - C-terminal region - Images





WB Suggested Anti-DIAPH1 Antibody Titration: 1.0 µg/ml

Positive Control: HepG2 Whole Cell There is BioGPS gene expression data showing that DIAPH1 is expressed in HepG2

#### **DIAPH1 antibody - C-terminal region - References**

Lynch E.D., et al. Science 278:1315-1318(1997).

Totoki Y., et al. Submitted (MAR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Schmutz J., et al. Nature 431:268-274(2004).

Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Morita K., et al. J. Dermatol. Sci. 44:11-20(2006).