

LPAR5 antibody - C-terminal region
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI15205**Specification**

LPAR5 antibody - C-terminal region - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O9H1C0
Other Accession	NM_020400 , NP_065133
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	41kDa KDa

LPAR5 antibody - C-terminal region - Additional Information**Gene ID** 57121**Alias Symbol** GPR92, GPR93, KPG_010, LPA5**Other Names**

Lysophosphatidic acid receptor 5, LPA receptor 5, LPA-5, G-protein coupled receptor 92, G-protein coupled receptor 93, LPAR5, GPR92, GPR93

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-LPAR5 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

LPAR5 antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

LPAR5 antibody - C-terminal region - Protein Information**Name** LPAR5**Synonyms** GPR92, GPR93**Function**

Receptor for lysophosphatidic acid (LPA), a mediator of diverse cellular activities.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Location

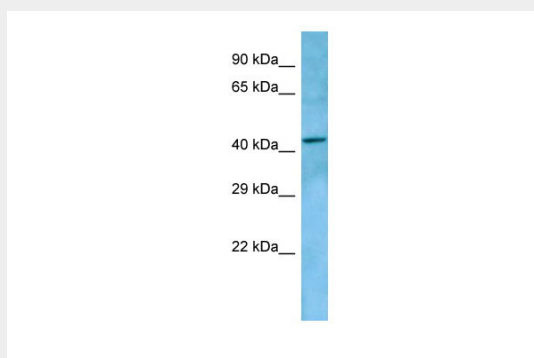
Not expressed in frontal cortex, basal forebrain, caudate putamen, thalamus, or hippocampus

LPAR5 antibody - C-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

LPAR5 antibody - C-terminal region - Images



Host: Rabbit
Target Name: LPAR5
Antibody Dilution: 1.0 μ g/ml
Sample Tissue: Hela cell lysate

LPAR5 antibody - C-terminal region - References

White K.E., et al. Nat. Genet. 26:345-348(2000).
Lee D.K., et al. Gene 275:83-91(2001).
Takeda S., et al. FEBS Lett. 520:97-101(2002).