

FOS antibody - C-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # Al16225

Specification

FOS antibody - C-terminal region - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P01100

Other Accession NM 005252, NP 005243

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Sheep, Bovine,

Dog

Predicted Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Chicken, Sheep,

Bovine, Dog

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 41kDa KDa

FOS antibody - C-terminal region - Additional Information

Gene ID 2353

Alias Symbol p55, AP-1, C-FOS

Other Names

Proto-oncogene c-Fos, Cellular oncogene fos, G0/G1 switch regulatory protein 7, FOS, G0S7

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 100 ul of distilled water. Final anti-FOS antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

FOS antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

FOS antibody - C-terminal region - Protein Information

Name FOS

Synonyms G0S7

Function

Nuclear phosphoprotein which forms a tight but non-covalently linked complex with the JUN/AP-1 transcription factor. In the heterodimer, FOS and JUN/AP-1 basic regions each seems to interact with symmetrical DNA half sites. On TGF-beta activation, forms a multimeric SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at the AP1/SMAD-binding site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated signaling. Has a critical function in regulating the development of cells destined to form and



maintain the skeleton. It is thought to have an important role in signal transduction, cell proliferation and differentiation. In growing cells, activates phospholipid synthesis, possibly by activating CDS1 and PI4K2A. This activity requires Tyr-dephosphorylation and association with the endoplasmic reticulum.

Cellular Location

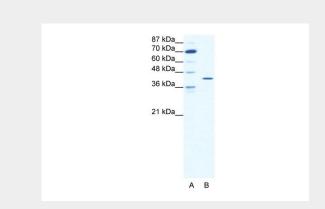
Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=In quiescent cells, present in very small amounts in the cytosol. Following induction of cell growth, first localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and only later to the nucleus. Localization at the endoplasmic reticulum requires dephosphorylation at Tyr-10 and Tyr- 30

FOS antibody - C-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

FOS antibody - C-terminal region - Images



WB Suggested Anti-FOS Antibody Titration: 1.25µg/ml

ELISA Titer: 1:312500

Positive Control: HepG2 cell lysate

FOS antibody - C-terminal region - Background

Nuclear phosphoprotein which forms a tight but non- covalently linked complex with the JUN/AP-1 transcription factor. In the heterodimer, FOS and JUN/AP-1 basic regions each seems to interact with symmetrical DNA half sites. On TGF-beta activation, forms a multimeric SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at the AP1/SMAD- binding site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated signaling. Has a critical function in regulating the development of cells destined to form and maintain the skeleton. It is thought to have an important role in signal transduction, cell proliferation and differentiation. In growing cells, activates phospholipid synthesis, possibly by activating CDS1 and PI4K2A. This activity requires Tyr-dephosphorylation and association with the endoplasmic reticulum.

FOS antibody - C-terminal region - References





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

van Straaten F., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:3183-3187(1983). Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Heilig R., et al. Nature 421:601-607(2003). Mural R.J., et al. Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Roux P., et al. Oncogene 6:2155-2160(1991).