

#### HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS10141

## Specification

# HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW Dilution IHC-P <u>P50406</u> Human Rabbit Polyclonal 47kDa KDa IHC-P~~N/A

## HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3362

**Other Names** 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 6, 5-HT-6, 5-HT6, Serotonin receptor 6, HTR6

**Target/Specificity** Human HTR6 / 5-HT6. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins.

**Reconstitution & Storage** Long term: -70°C; Short term: +4°C

**Precautions** HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information

Name HTR6 (HGNC:5301)

Function

G-protein coupled receptor for 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin), a biogenic hormone that functions as a neurotransmitter, a hormone and a mitogen (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35714614" target="\_blank">35714614</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36989299" target="\_blank">36989299</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37327704" target="\_blank">37327704</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8522988" target="\_blank">8522988</a>). Also has a high affinity for tricyclic psychotropic drugs (By similarity). Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide- binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of downstream effectors (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35714614" target="\_blank">35714614</a>). HTR6 is coupled to G(s) G alpha proteins and mediates activation of adenylate cyclase activity (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35714614" target="\_blank">35714614</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37327704" target="\_blank">37327704</a>). Controls pyramidal neurons migration during corticogenesis, through the regulation of CDK5 activity (By similarity). Is an activator of mTOR signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23027611" target=" blank">23027611</a>).

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

**Tissue Location** Expressed in several human brain regions, most prominently in the caudate nucleus.

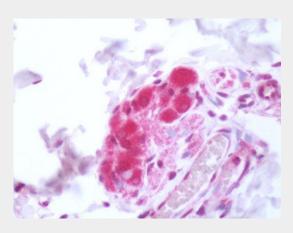
Volume 50 μl

#### HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- <u>Flow Cytomety</u>
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) - Images



Human Small Intestine: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)

# HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background

This is one of the several different receptors for 5- hydroxytryptamine (serotonin), a biogenic hormone that functions as a neurotransmitter, a hormone, and a mitogen. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G proteins that stimulate adenylate cyclase. It has a high affinity for tricyclic psychotropic drugs (By similarity). Controls pyramidal neurons migration during corticogenesis, through the regulation of CDK5 activity (By similarity). Is an activator of TOR signaling (PubMed:23027611).



# HTR6 / 5-HT6 Receptor Antibody (C-Terminus) - References

Kohen R., et al.J. Neurochem. 66:47-56(1996). Kopatz S.A., et al.Submitted (OCT-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Gregory S.G., et al.Nature 441:315-321(2006). Mural R.J., et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ullmer C., et al.FEBS Lett. 370:215-221(1995).