

RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS10833

Specification

RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information

Application IHC-P, E
Primary Accession P10826

Reactivity Human, Monkey, Pig, Horse

Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Dilution

Rabbit
Polyclonal
50kDa KDa
IHC-P~~N/A
E~~N/A

RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information

Gene ID 5915

Other Names

Retinoic acid receptor beta, RAR-beta, HBV-activated protein, Nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group B member 2, RAR-epsilon, RARB, HAP, NR1B2

Target/Specificity

Human RARB. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins.

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -70°C; Short term: +4°C

Precautions

RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information

Name RARB

Synonyms HAP, NR1B2

Function

Receptor for retinoic acid. Retinoic acid receptors bind as heterodimers to their target response elements in response to their ligands, all-trans or 9-cis retinoic acid, and regulate gene expression in various biological processes. The RXR/RAR heterodimers bind to the retinoic acid response elements (RARE) composed of tandem 5'-AGGTCA-3' sites known as DR1-DR5. In the absence or presence of hormone ligand, acts mainly as an activator of gene expression due to weak binding to corepressors (PubMed:12554770). The RXRA/RARB heterodimer can act as a repressor on the DR1



element and as an activator on the DR5 element (PubMed:29021580). In concert with RARG, required for skeletal growth, matrix homeostasis and growth plate function (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm [Isoform Beta-2]: Nucleus.

Tissue Location

Expressed in aortic endothelial cells (at protein level).

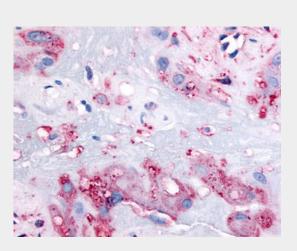
Volume 50 μl

RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

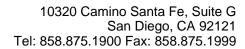
RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus) - Images



Anti-RARB antibody ALS10833 IHC of human intermediate trophoblasts.

RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background

Receptor for retinoic acid. Retinoic acid receptors bind as heterodimers to their target response elements in response to their ligands, all-trans or 9-cis retinoic acid, and regulate gene expression in various biological processes. The RXR/RAR heterodimers bind to the retinoic acid response elements (RARE) composed of tandem 5'-AGGTCA-3' sites known as DR1-DR5. In the absence or presence of hormone ligand, acts mainly as an activator of gene expression due to weak binding to corepressors. In concert with RARG, required for skeletal growth, matrix homeostasis and growth plate function.





RARB / RAR Beta Antibody (C-Terminus) - References

Benbrook D.,et al.Nature 333:669-672(1988). de The H.,et al.Nature 330:667-670(1987). Sommer K.M.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:8651-8656(1999). Shen S.,et al.DNA Seq. 2:111-119(1991). Houle B.,et al.Cancer Res. 54:365-369(1994).