

CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus)
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS11673**Specification**

CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Product Information

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	P55212
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	33kDa KDa

CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 839**Other Names**

Caspase-6, CASP-6, 3.4.22.59, Apoptotic protease Mch-2, Caspase-6 subunit p18, Caspase-6 subunit p11, CASP6, MCH2

Target/Specificity

15 amino acid peptide from near the amino-terminus of human Caspase-6

Reconstitution & Storage

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles. Store undiluted.

Precautions

CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protein Information**Name** CASP6 ([HGNC:1507](#))**Function**

Cysteine protease that plays essential roles in programmed cell death, axonal degeneration, development and innate immunity (PubMed: [8663580](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8663580)), PubMed: [19133298](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19133298), PubMed: [22858542](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22858542), PubMed: [27032039](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27032039), PubMed: [28864531](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28864531), PubMed: [30420425](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30420425), PubMed: [32298652](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32298652)). Acts as a non- canonical executioner caspase during apoptosis: localizes in the nucleus and cleaves the nuclear structural protein NUMA1 and lamin A/LMNA thereby inducing nuclear shrinkage and fragmentation (PubMed: [8663580](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8663580)), PubMed: [8663580](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8663580)).

[9463409](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9463409), PubMed: [11953316](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11953316), PubMed: [17401638](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17401638)).

Lamin-A/LMNA cleavage is required for chromatin condensation and nuclear disassembly during apoptotic execution (PubMed: [11953316](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11953316)). Acts as a regulator of liver damage by promoting hepatocyte apoptosis: in absence of phosphorylation by AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), catalyzes cleavage of BID, leading to cytochrome c release, thereby participating in nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (PubMed: [32029622](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32029622)). Cleaves PARK7/DJ-1 in cells undergoing apoptosis (By similarity). Involved in intrinsic apoptosis by mediating cleavage of RIPK1 (PubMed: [22858542](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22858542)). Furthermore, cleaves many transcription factors such as NF-kappa-B and cAMP response element-binding protein/CREBBP (PubMed: [10559921](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10559921), PubMed: [14657026](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14657026)). Cleaves phospholipid scramblase proteins XKR4 and XKR9 (By similarity). In addition to apoptosis, involved in different forms of programmed cell death (PubMed: [32298652](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32298652)). Plays an essential role in defense against viruses by acting as a central mediator of the ZBP1-mediated pyroptosis, apoptosis, and necroptosis (PANoptosis), independently of its cysteine protease activity (PubMed: [32298652](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32298652)). PANoptosis is a unique inflammatory programmed cell death, which provides a molecular scaffold that allows the interactions and activation of machinery required for inflammasome/pyroptosis, apoptosis and necroptosis (PubMed: [32298652](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32298652)). Mechanistically, interacts with RIPK3 and enhances the interaction between RIPK3 and ZBP1, leading to ZBP1-mediated inflammasome activation and cell death (PubMed: [32298652](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32298652)). Plays an essential role in axon degeneration during axon pruning which is the remodeling of axons during neurogenesis but not apoptosis (By similarity). Regulates B-cell programs both during early development and after antigen stimulation (By similarity).

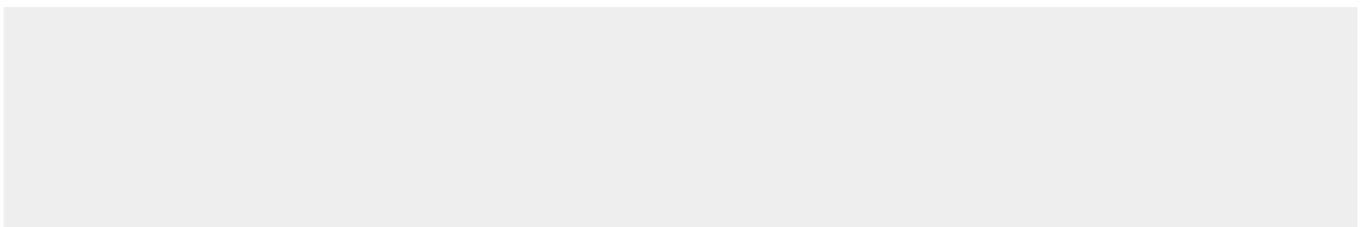
Cellular Location
Cytoplasm. Nucleus

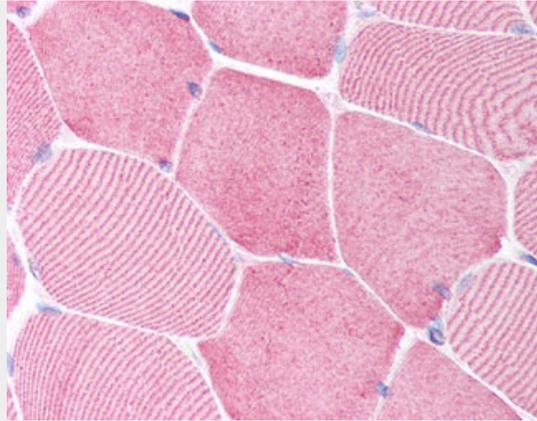
CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

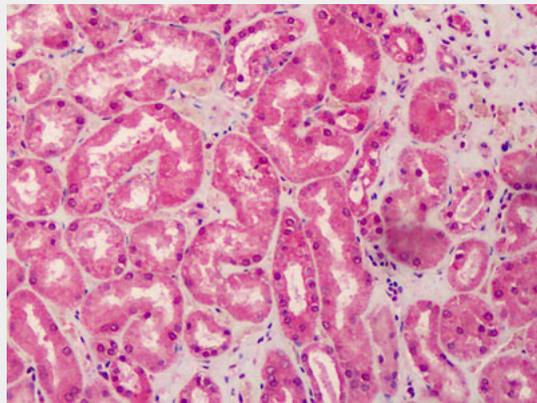
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Images





Anti-Caspase 6 antibody IHC of human skeletal muscle.



Anti-Caspase 6 antibody IHC of human kidney.

CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Background

Involved in the activation cascade of caspases responsible for apoptosis execution. Cleaves poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase in vitro, as well as lamins. Overexpression promotes programmed cell death.

CASP6 / Caspase 6 Antibody (N-Terminus) - References

- Fernandes-Alnemri T., et al. *Cancer Res.* 55:2737-2742(1995).
- Srinivasula S.M., et al. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271:27099-27106(1996).
- Bartke T., et al. *Mol. Cell* 14:801-811(2004).
- Suzuki A., et al. *Oncogene* 23:7067-7075(2004).
- Burkard T.R., et al. *BMC Syst. Biol.* 5:17-17(2011).