

RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530)
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS11903**Specification****RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	O9Y572
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	57kDa KDa
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A

RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 11035**Other Names**

Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3, 2.7.11.1, RIP-like protein kinase 3, Receptor-interacting protein 3, RIP-3, RIPK3, RIP3

Target/Specificity

A portion of amino acids 480-518 of human RIP3

Reconstitution & Storage

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles.

Precautions

RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530) - Protein Information**Name** RIPK3 ([HGNC:10021](#))**Function**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase that activates necroptosis and apoptosis, two parallel forms of cell death (PubMed:19524512, PubMed:19524513, PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:29883609, PubMed:32657447). Necroptosis, a programmed cell death process in response to death-inducing TNF-alpha family members, is triggered by RIPK3 following activation by ZBP1

(PubMed:19524512, PubMed:19524513, PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:29883609, PubMed:32298652). Activated RIPK3 forms a necrosis- inducing complex and mediates phosphorylation of MLKL, promoting MLKL localization to the plasma membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma membrane damage (PubMed:19524512, PubMed:19524513, PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:25316792, PubMed:29883609). In addition to TNF- induced necroptosis, necroptosis can also take place in the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection: following ZBP1 activation, which senses double-stranded Z-RNA structures, nuclear RIPK3 catalyzes phosphorylation and activation of MLKL, promoting disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol (By similarity). Also regulates apoptosis: apoptosis depends on RIPK1, FADD and CASP8, and is independent of MLKL and RIPK3 kinase activity (By similarity). Phosphorylates RIPK1: RIPK1 and RIPK3 undergo reciprocal auto- and trans-phosphorylation (PubMed:19524513). In some cell types, also able to restrict viral replication by promoting cell death- independent responses (By similarity). In response to Zika virus infection in neurons, promotes a cell death-independent pathway that restricts viral replication: together with ZBP1, promotes a death- independent transcriptional program that modifies the cellular metabolism via up-regulation expression of the enzyme ACOD1/IRG1 and production of the metabolite itaconate (By similarity). Itaconate inhibits the activity of succinate dehydrogenase, generating a metabolic state in neurons that suppresses replication of viral genomes (By similarity). RIPK3 binds to and enhances the activity of three metabolic enzymes: GLUL, GLUD1, and PYGL (PubMed:19498109). These metabolic enzymes may eventually stimulate the tricarboxylic acid cycle and oxidative phosphorylation, which could result in enhanced ROS production (PubMed:19498109).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9QZL0}. Note=Mainly cytoplasmic
Present in the nucleus in response to influenza A virus (IAV) infection.
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9QZL0}

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in the pancreas. Detected at lower levels in heart, placenta, lung and kidney

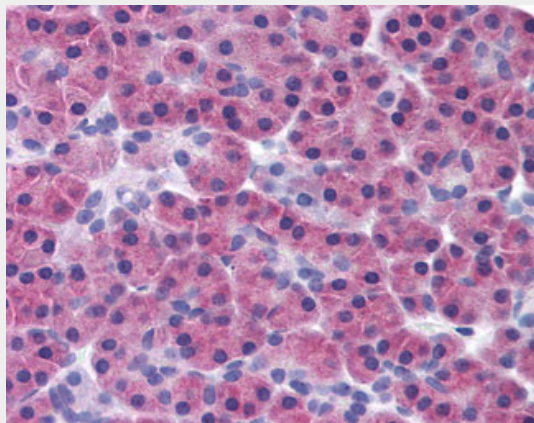
RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)

- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530) - Images



Anti-RIPK3 / RIP3 antibody IHC of human pancreas.

RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530) - Background

Essential for necroptosis, a programmed cell death process in response to death-inducing TNF-alpha family members. Upon induction of necrosis, RIPK3 interacts with, and phosphorylates RIPK1 and MLKL to form a necrosis-inducing complex. RIPK3 binds to and enhances the activity of three metabolic enzymes: GLUL, GLUD1, and PYGL. These metabolic enzymes may eventually stimulate the tricarboxylic acid cycle and oxidative phosphorylation, which could result in enhanced ROS production.

RIPK3 / RIP3 Antibody (aa480-530) - References

- Yu P.W., et al. Curr. Biol. 9:539-542(1999).
Sun X., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 274:16871-16875(1999).
Yang Y., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 332:181-187(2005).
Heilig R., et al. Nature 421:601-607(2003).
Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).