

## MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS12094

### **Specification**

### MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389) - Product Information

Application IHC
Primary Accession P45984

Reactivity Human, Rabbit, Pig, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 48kDa KDa

### MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389) - Additional Information

## **Gene ID** 5601

#### **Other Names**

Mitogen-activated protein kinase 9, MAP kinase 9, MAPK 9, 2.7.11.24, JNK-55, Stress-activated protein kinase 1a, SAPK1a, Stress-activated protein kinase JNK2, c-Jun N-terminal kinase 2, MAPK9, JNK2, PRKM9, SAPK1A

## **Target/Specificity**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 373-389 (KDQPSDAAVSSNATPSQ) of human JNK2 was used as immunogen. This amino acid sequence is 100% homologous in cow and dog, and 94% in mouse and rat.

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389) - Protein Information

#### Name MAPK9

Synonyms JNK2, PRKM9, SAPK1A

#### **Function**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in various processes such as cell proliferation, differentiation, migration, transformation and programmed cell death (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10376527" target="\_blank">10376527</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15805466" target="\_blank">15805466</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17525747" target="\_blank">17525747</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19675674" target="\_blank">19675674</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20595622" target="\_blank">20595622</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20595622" target="\_blank">20595622</a>, PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21364637" target=" blank">21364637</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22441692" target="blank">22441692</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34048572" target="\_blank">34048572</a>). Extracellular stimuli such as pro- inflammatory cytokines or physical stress stimulate the stress- activated protein kinase/c-Jun N-terminal kinase (SAP/JNK) signaling pathway. In this cascade, two dual specificity kinases MAP2K4/MKK4 and MAP2K7/MKK7 phosphorylate and activate MAPK9/JNK2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10376527" target=" blank">10376527</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15805466" target="blank">15805466</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17525747" target="blank">17525747</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19675674" target="\_blank">19675674</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20595622" target="\_blank">20595622</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21364637" target="blank">21364637</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22441692" target="blank">22441692</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34048572" target="blank">34048572</a>). In turn, MAPK9/INK2 phosphorylates a number of transcription factors, primarily components of AP-1 such as JUN and ATF2 and thus regulates AP-1 transcriptional activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10376527" target=" blank">10376527</a>). In response to oxidative or ribotoxic stresses, inhibits rRNA synthesis by phosphorylating and inactivating the RNA polymerase 1-specific transcription initiation factor RRN3 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15805466" target=" blank">15805466</a>). Promotes stressed cell apoptosis by phosphorylating key regulatory factors including TP53 and YAP1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17525747" target=" blank">17525747</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21364637" target=" blank">21364637</a>). In T-cells, MAPK8 and MAPK9 are required for polarized differentiation of T-helper cells into Th1 cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19290929" target="\_blank">19290929</a>). Upon T-cell receptor (TCR) stimulation, is activated by CARMA1, BCL10, MAP2K7 and MAP3K7/TAK1 to regulate JUN protein levels (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19290929" target=" blank">19290929</a>). Plays an important role in the osmotic stress- induced epithelial tight-junctions disruption (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20595622" target=" blank">20595622</a>). When activated, promotes beta-catenin/CTNNB1 degradation and inhibits the canonical Wnt signaling pathway (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19675674" target=" blank">19675674</a>). Also participates in neurite growth in spiral ganglion neurons (By similarity). Phosphorylates the CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer and plays a role in the regulation of the circadian clock (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22441692" target=" blank">22441692</a>). Phosphorylates POU5F1, which results in the inhibition of POU5F1's transcriptional activity and enhances its proteasomal degradation (By similarity). Phosphorylates ALKBH5 in response to reactive oxygen species (ROS), promoting ALKBH5 sumoylation and inactivation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34048572" target="\_blank">34048572</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Colocalizes with POU5F1 in the nucleus. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WTU6}

#### MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389) - Protocols

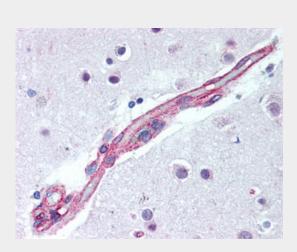
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation



- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389) - Images



Anti-MAPK9 / JNK2 antibody IHC of human brain-cortex.

### MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389) - Background

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# MAPK9 / JNK2 / SAPK Antibody (aa373-389) - References

Sluss H.K.,et al.Mol. Cell. Biol. 14:8376-8384(1994). Kallunki T.,et al.Genes Dev. 8:2996-3007(1994). Gupta S.,et al.EMBO J. 15:2760-2770(1996). Wang P.,et al.BMB Rep. 43:738-743(2010). Halleck A.,et al.Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.