

BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS12400

Specification

BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus) - Product Information

Application IF

Primary Accession Q9NXR7

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 44kDa KDa

BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus) - Additional Information

Gene ID 9577

Other Names

BRCA1-A complex subunit BRE, BRCA1/BRCA2-containing complex subunit 45, Brain and reproductive organ-expressed protein, BRE (HGNC:1106), BRCC45

Target/Specificity

an 18 amino acid peptide from near the amino terminus of human BRCC45

Reconstitution & Storage

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles. Store undiluted.

Precautions

BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protein Information

Name BABAM2 (HGNC:1106)

Synonyms BRCC45, BRE

Function

Component of the BRCA1-A complex, a complex that specifically recognizes 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitinated histones H2A and H2AX at DNA lesions sites, leading to target the BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer to sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs). The BRCA1-A complex also possesses deubiquitinase activity that specifically removes 'Lys-63'- linked ubiquitin on histones H2A and H2AX (PubMed:17525341, PubMed:19261746, PubMed:19261749, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19261748"



target=" blank">19261748). In the BRCA1-A complex, it acts as an adapter that bridges the interaction between BABAM1/NBA1 and the rest of the complex, thereby being required for the complex integrity and modulating the E3 ubiquitin ligase activity of the BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer $(PubMed: 21282113, a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21282113" target="_blank">21282113, a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21282113" target="_blank">21282113, a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21282113" target="_blank">212822113, a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21282113" target="_blank">212822113<$ PubMed:19261748). Component of the BRISC complex, a multiprotein complex that specifically cleaves 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitin in various substrates (PubMed: 19214193, PubMed:24075985, PubMed:25283148, PubMed:26195665). Within the BRISC complex, acts as an adapter that bridges the interaction between BABAM1/NBA1 and the rest of the complex, thereby being required for the complex integrity (PubMed:21282113). The BRISC complex is required for normal mitotic spindle assembly and microtubule attachment to kinetochores via its role in deubiquitinating NUMA1 (PubMed:26195665). The BRISC complex plays a role in interferon signaling via its role in the deubiquitination of the interferon receptor IFNAR1; deubiquitination increases IFNAR1 activity by enhancing its stability and cell surface expression (PubMed: 24075985). Down-regulates the response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) via its role in IFNAR1 deubiquitination (PubMed: 24075985). May play a

role in homeostasis or cellular differentiation in cells of neural, epithelial and germline origins. May also act as a death receptor- associated anti-apoptotic protein, which inhibits the mitochondrial apoptotic pathway. May regulate TNF-alpha signaling through its interactions with TNFRSF1A; however these effects may be indirect (PubMed:15465831).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Localizes at sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs)

Tissue Location

Expressed in all cell lines examined. Highly expressed in placenta.

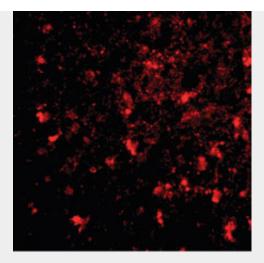
BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus) - Images





Immunofluorescence of BRCC45 in human brain tissue with BRCC45 antibody at 20 ug/ml.

BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus) - Background

Component of the BRCA1-A complex, a complex that specifically recognizes 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitinated histones H2A and H2AX at DNA lesions sites, leading to target the BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer to sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs). The BRCA1-A complex also possesses deubiquitinase activity that specifically removes 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitin on histones H2A and H2AX. In the BRCA1-A complex, it acts as an adapter that bridges the interaction between BABAM1/NBA1 and the rest of the complex, thereby being required for the complex integrity and modulating the E3 ubiquitin ligase activity of the BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer. Probably also plays a role as a component of the BRISC complex, a multiprotein complex that specifically cleaves 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitin. May play a role in homeostasis or cellular differentiation in cells of neural, epithelial and germline origins. May also act as a death receptor-associated anti- apoptotic protein, which inhibits the mitochondrial apoptotic pathway. May regulate TNF-alpha signaling through its interactions with TNFRSF1A; however these effects may be indirect.

BRCC45 / BRE Antibody (N-Terminus) - References

Li L., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 206:764-774(1995). Ching A.K.K., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 288:535-545(2001). Dong Y., et al. Mol. Cell 12:1087-1099(2003). Keeton K.R., et al. Submitted (JUL-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).