

MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus)
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS12738**Specification****MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Product Information**

Application	IHC, WB, IF
Primary Accession	Q02750
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Xenopus
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	43kDa KDa

MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 5604**Other Names**

Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 1, MAP kinase kinase 1, MAPKK 1, MKK1, 2.7.12.2, ERK activator kinase 1, MAPK/ERK kinase 1, MEK 1, MAP2K1, MEK1, PRKMK1

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -20°C; Short term: +4°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protein Information**Name** MAP2K1 ([HGNC:6840](#))**Synonyms** MEK1, PRKMK1**Function**

Dual specificity protein kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway. Binding of extracellular ligands such as growth factors, cytokines and hormones to their cell-surface receptors activates RAS and this initiates RAF1 activation. RAF1 then further activates the dual-specificity protein kinases MAP2K1/MEK1 and MAP2K2/MEK2. Both MAP2K1/MEK1 and MAP2K2/MEK2 function specifically in the MAPK/ERK cascade, and catalyze the concomitant phosphorylation of a threonine and a tyrosine residue in a Thr-Glu-Tyr sequence located in the extracellular signal-regulated kinases MAPK3/ERK1 and MAPK1/ERK2, leading to their activation and further transduction of the signal within the MAPK/ERK cascade. Activates BRAF in a KSR1 or KSR2-dependent manner; by binding to KSR1 or KSR2 releases the inhibitory intramolecular interaction between KSR1 or KSR2 protein kinase and N-terminal domains which promotes KSR1 or KSR2-BRAF dimerization and BRAF activation (PubMed:29433126). Depending on the cellular context, this pathway mediates diverse biological functions such as cell growth,

adhesion, survival and differentiation, predominantly through the regulation of transcription, metabolism and cytoskeletal rearrangements. One target of the MAPK/ERK cascade is peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma (PPARG), a nuclear receptor that promotes differentiation and apoptosis. MAP2K1/MEK1 has been shown to export PPARG from the nucleus. The MAPK/ERK cascade is also involved in the regulation of endosomal dynamics, including lysosome processing and endosome cycling through the perinuclear recycling compartment (PNRC), as well as in the fragmentation of the Golgi apparatus during mitosis.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, spindle pole body. Cytoplasm. Nucleus Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Localizes at centrosomes during prometaphase, midzone during anaphase and midbody during telophase/cytokinesis (PubMed:14737111). Membrane localization is probably regulated by its interaction with KSR1 (PubMed:10409742)

Tissue Location

Widely expressed, with extremely low levels in brain.

Volume

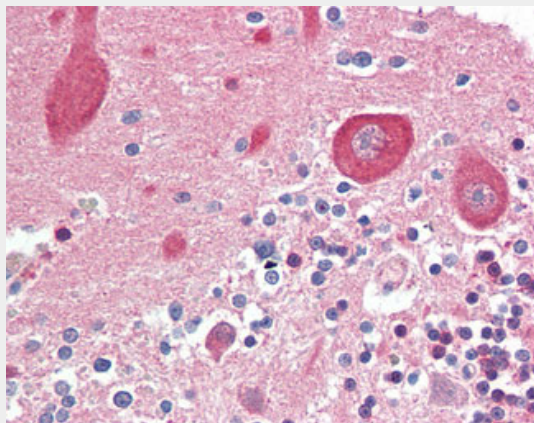
50 µl

MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protocols

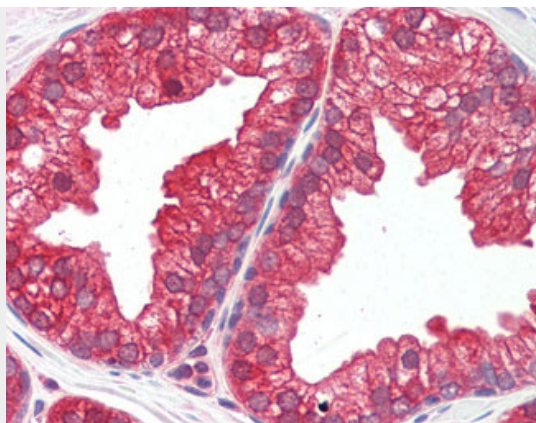
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

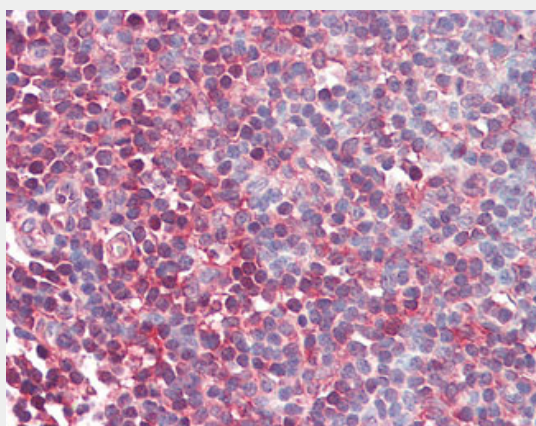
MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Images



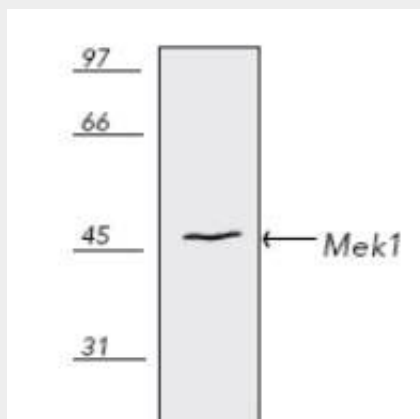
Anti-MAP2K1 / MEK1 antibody IHC of human brain, cerebellum.



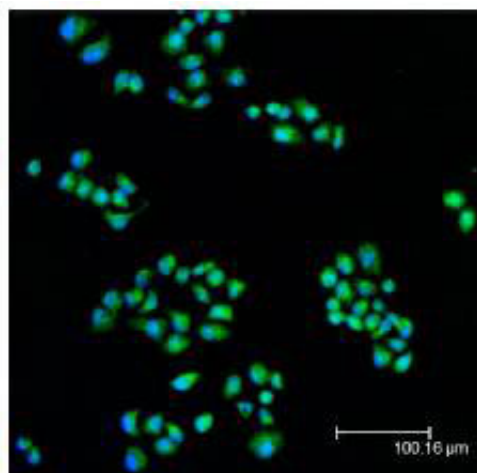
Anti-MAP2K1 / MEK1 antibody IHC of human prostate.



Anti-MAP2K1 / MEK1 antibody IHC of human tonsil.



Western blot of human thymus HS67 cell lysate.



Confocal immunofluorescent staining of HeLa cells using ALS12738(green); nuclei are stained in...

MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Background

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MAP2K1 / MEK1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - References

- Seger R.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 267:25628-25631(1992).
- Zheng C.-F.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 268:11435-11439(1993).
- Zheng C.-F.,et al.EMBO J. 13:1123-1131(1994).
- Duesbery N.S.,et al.Science 280:734-737(1998).
- Vitale G.,et al.Biochem. J. 352:739-745(2000).