

## LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS12936

### **Specification**

#### LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession Q13094
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 60kDa KDa
Dilution WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~N/A

#### LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 3937**

#### **Other Names**

Lymphocyte cytosolic protein 2, SH2 domain-containing leukocyte protein of 76 kDa, SLP-76 tyrosine phosphoprotein, SLP76, LCP2

#### Target/Specificity

The polyclonal antibody reacts with SLP76, a 76kDa cytosolic adaptor protein that is involved in signaling of various hematopoietic cells, such as T cells, mast cells or neutrophils; in B cells, however, it is replaced by SLP65.

# **Reconstitution & Storage**

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434) - Protein Information

### Name LCP2

#### **Function**

Adapter protein primarily involved in signaling pathways within T-cells, as well as other immune cells such as platelets, mast cells, and natural killer (NK) cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11313406" target="\_blank">11313406</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33159816" target="\_blank">33159816</a>). Plays a crucial role for transducing signal from the T-cell receptor (TCR) after antigen recognition leading to T-cell activation. Mechanistically, once phosphorylated by the kinase ZAP70, mediates interactions with the guanine-nucleotide exchange factor VAV1, the adapter protein NCK and the kinase ITK (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8673706"



target="\_blank">8673706</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8702662" target="\_blank">8702662</a>). In turn, stimulates the activation of PKC-theta/PRKCQ and NF-kappa-B transcriptional activity in response to CD3 and CD28 costimulation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11313406" target="\_blank">11313406</a>). Also plays an essential role in AGER- induced signaling pathways including p38 MAPK and ERK1/2 activation leading to cytokine release and pro-inflammatory responses (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33436632" target=" blank">33436632</a>).

# Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

#### **Tissue Location**

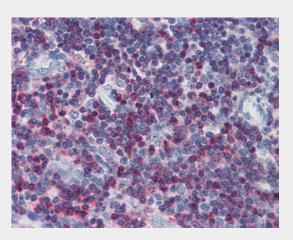
Highly expressed in spleen, thymus and peripheral blood leukocytes. Highly expressed also in T-cell and monocytic cell lines, expressed at lower level in B-cell lines. Not detected in fibroblast or neuroblastoma cell lines

# LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434) - Images



Anti-LCP2 / SLP-76 antibody IHC of human thymus.

# LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434) - Background

Involved in T-cell antigen receptor mediated signaling.

### LCP2 / SLP-76 Antibody (aa216-434) - References

Jackman J.K., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 270:7029-7032(1995). Kalnine N., et al. Submitted (MAY-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.





Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Mural R.J., et al. Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Moog-Lutz C., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 276:22375-22381(2001).