

## BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS13666

### **Specification**

#### **BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession Q13489
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 68kDa KDa
Dilution WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~N/A

#### BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 330

#### **Other Names**

Baculoviral IAP repeat-containing protein 3, 6.3.2.-, Apoptosis inhibitor 2, API2, C-IAP2, IAP homolog C, Inhibitor of apoptosis protein 1, IAP-1, hIAP-1, hIAP1, RING finger protein 49, TNFR2-TRAF-signaling complex protein 1, BIRC3, API2, IAP1, MIHC, RNF49

#### Target/Specificity

Human cIAP2. Predicted cross-reactivity based on amino acid sequence homology: bovine (84%).

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

#### **Precautions**

BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

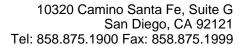
## BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody - Protein Information

#### Name BIRC3

Synonyms API2, MIHC, RNF49

#### **Function**

Multi-functional protein which regulates not only caspases and apoptosis, but also modulates inflammatory signaling and immunity, mitogenic kinase signaling and cell proliferation, as well as cell invasion and metastasis. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase regulating NF-kappa-B signaling and regulates both canonical and non- canonical NF-kappa-B signaling by acting in opposite directions: acts as a positive regulator of the canonical pathway and suppresses constitutive activation of non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling. The target proteins for its E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity include: RIPK1, RIPK2, RIPK3, RIPK4, CASP3, CASP7, CASP8, IKBKE, TRAF1, and





BCL10. Acts as an important regulator of innate immune signaling via regulation of Toll-like receptors (TLRs), Nodlike receptors (NLRs) and RIG-I like receptors (RLRs), collectively referred to as pattern recognition receptors (PRRs). Protects cells from spontaneous formation of the ripoptosome, a large multi-protein complex that has the capability to kill cancer cells in a caspase-dependent and caspase- independent manner. Suppresses ripoptosome formation by ubiquitinating RIPK1 and CASP8.

# **Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Nucleus

#### **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in fetal lung, and kidney. In the adult, expression is mainly seen in lymphoid tissues, including spleen, thymus and peripheral blood lymphocytes

# Volume

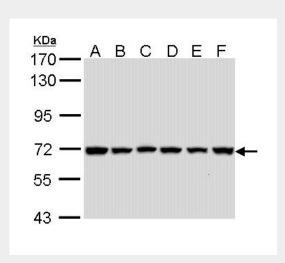
50 µl

## **BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

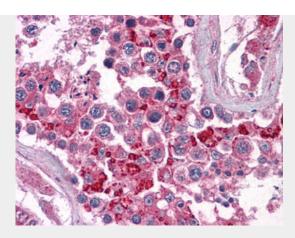
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody - Images

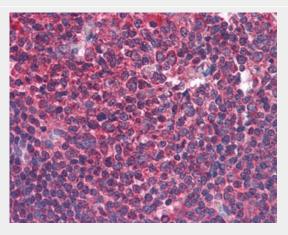


Sample (30 ug of whole cell lysate).





Anti-cIAP2 antibody IHC of human testis.



Anti-cIAP2 antibody IHC of human tonsil.

#### BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody - Background

Multi-functional protein which regulates not only caspases and apoptosis, but also modulates inflammatory signaling and immunity, mitogenic kinase signaling and cell proliferation, as well as cell invasion and metastasis. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin- protein ligase regulating NF-kappa-B signaling and regulates both canonical and non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling by acting in opposite directions: acts as a positive regulator of the canonical pathway and suppresses constitutive activation of non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling. The target proteins for its E3 ubiquitin- protein ligase activity include: RIPK1, RIPK2, RIPK3, RIPK4, CASP3, CASP7, CASP8, IKBKE, TRAF1, and BCL10. Acts as an important regulator of innate immune signaling via regulation of Toll-like receptors (TLRs), Nodlike receptors (NLRs) and RIG-I like receptors (RLRs), collectively referred to as pattern recognition receptors (PRRs). Protects cells from spontaneous formation of the ripoptosome, a large multi-protein complex that has the capability to kill cancer cells in a caspase-dependent and caspase- independent manner. Suppresses ripoptosome formation by ubiquitinating RIPK1 and CASP8.

### **BIRC3 / cIAP2 Antibody - References**

Rothe M., et al. Cell 83:1243-1252(1995). Liston P., et al. Nature 379:349-353(1996). Uren A.G., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:4974-4978(1996). Horrevoets A.J.G., et al. Blood 93:3418-3431(1999). Baens M., et al. Genes Chromosomes Cancer 29:281-291(2000).