

### NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS13988

#### **Specification**

### NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host

Clonality Calculated MW

Dilution

WB, IHC-P, IF, E

Q86W26 Human Rabbit Polyclonal 75kDa KDa WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

E~~N/A

# NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Additional Information

Gene ID 338322

#### **Other Names**

NACHT, LRR and PYD domains-containing protein 10, Nucleotide-binding oligomerization domain protein 8, NLRP10, NALP10, NOD8, PYNOD

# **Target/Specificity**

Human NLRP10

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles. Store undiluted.

#### **Precautions**

NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protein Information

Name NLRP10

Synonyms NALP10, NOD8, PYNOD

#### **Function**

Inhibits autoprocessing of CASP1, CASP1-dependent IL1B secretion, PYCARD aggregation and PYCARD-mediated apoptosis but not apoptosis induced by FAS or BID (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15096476" target="\_blank">15096476</a>). Displays anti- inflammatory activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20393137" target="\_blank">20393137</a>). Required for immunity against C.albicans infection (By similarity). Involved in the innate immune response by contributing to pro-inflammatory cytokine



release in response to invasive bacterial infection (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22672233" target="\_blank">22672233</a>). Contributes to T-cell-mediated inflammatory responses in the skin (By similarity). Plays a role in protection against periodontitis through its involvement in induction of IL1A via ERK activation in oral epithelial cells infected with periodontal pathogens (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28766990" target="\_blank">28766990</a>). Exhibits both ATPase and GTPase activities (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23861819" target="\_blank">23861819</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Cytoplasmic protein which is recruited to the cell membrane by NOD1 following invasive bacterial infection

#### **Tissue Location**

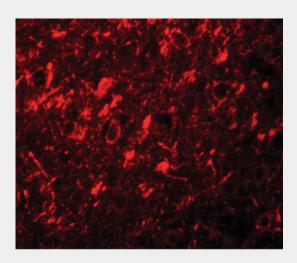
Highly expressed in basal and suprabasal epidermal cell layers with lower levels in dermal fibroblast cells (at protein level) (PubMed:22672233). Widely expressed with highest levels in heart, brain and skeletal muscle (PubMed:15096476). Also expressed in liver, colon, dermis and epidermis (PubMed:15096476). Little expression detected in myeloid cells or peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PubMed:15096476).

#### NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Images



Immunofluorescence of NALP10 in human brain tissue with NALP10 antibody at 20 ug/ml.





Western blot analysis of NALP10 in human brain tissue lysate with NALP10 antibody at 1 ug/ml.

# NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Background

Inhibits autoprocessing of CASP1, CASP1-dependent IL1B secretion, PYCARD aggregation and PYCARD-mediated apoptosis but not apoptosis induced by FAS or BID. Displays anti-inflammatory activity. Plays a role in adaptive immunity through control of dendritic cell-mediated transport of antigen to the lymph nodes from peripheral sites. Required for immunity against C.albicans infection. Involved in the innate immune response by contributing to proinflammatory cytokine release in response to invasive bacterial infection.

# NOD8 / NLRP10 Antibody (N-Terminus) - References

Tschopp J.,et al.Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell Biol. 4:95-104(2003). Wang Y.,et al.Int. Immunol. 16:777-786(2004). Inohara N.,et al.Nat. Rev. Immunol. 3:371-382(2003). Imamura R.,et al.J. Immunol. 184:5874-5884(2010). Lautz K.,et al.Cell. Microbiol. 14:1568-1583(2012).