

ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS14861

Specification

ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, E, IHC-F

Primary Accession P68133

Reactivity Human, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Goat

Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 42kDa KDa
Dilution WB~~1:1000

IHC-P~~N/A E~~N/A IHC-F~~N/A

ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3) - Additional Information

Gene ID 58

Other Names

Actin, alpha skeletal muscle, Alpha-actin-1, ACTA1, ACTA

Target/Specificity

Highly specific for alpha- skeletal actin, and does not cross react with other actin isoforms. The epitope recognized by 3B3 is highly conserved. Therefore the antibody cross-reacts with many other species.

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -20°C; Short term: +4°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3) - Protein Information

Name ACTA1

Synonyms ACTA

Function

Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic cells.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

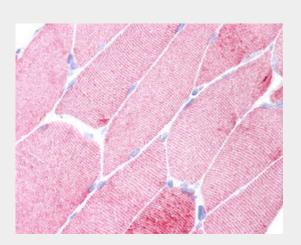


ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3) - Images



Anti-ACTA1 / ASMA antibody IHC of human skeletal muscle.

ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3) - Background

Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic cells.

ACTA1 / ASMA Antibody (clone 3B3) - References

Hanauer A., et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 11:3503-3516(1983). Taylor A., et al. Genomics 3:323-336(1988). Nowak K.J., et al. Nat. Genet. 23:208-212(1999).

Ebert L., et al. Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Gregory S.G., et al. Nature 441:315-321(2006).