

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS15568

Specification

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P07711

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 38kDa KDa

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1514

Other Names

Cathepsin L1, 3.4.22.15, Cathepsin L, Major excreted protein, MEP, Cathepsin L1 heavy chain, Cathepsin L1 light chain, CTSL, CTSL1

Target/Specificity

Detects both the proenzyme and the mature form of cathepsin L

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -70°C; Short term: -20°C

Precautions

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody - Protein Information

Name CTSL (HGNC:2537)

Synonyms CTSL1

Function

Thiol protease important for the overall degradation of proteins in lysosomes (Probable). Plays a critical for normal cellular functions such as general protein turnover, antigen processing and bone remodeling. Involved in the solubilization of cross-linked TG/thyroglobulin and in the subsequent release of thyroid hormone thyroxine (T4) by limited proteolysis of TG/thyroglobulin in the thyroid follicle lumen (By similarity). In neuroendocrine chromaffin cells secretory vesicles, catalyzes the prohormone proenkephalin processing to the active enkephalin peptide neurotransmitter (By similarity). In thymus, regulates CD4(+) T cell positive selection by generating the major histocompatibility complex class II (MHCII) bound peptide ligands presented by cortical thymic epithelial cells. Also mediates invariant chain processing in cortical thymic epithelial cells (By similarity). Major elastin-degrading enzyme at neutral pH. Accumulates as a mature and active



enzyme in the extracellular space of antigen presenting cells (APCs) to regulate degradation of the extracellular matrix in the course of inflammation (By similarity). Secreted form generates endostatin from COL18A1 (PubMed:10716919). Critical for cardiac morphology and function. Plays an important role in hair follicle morphogenesis and cycling, as well as epidermal differentiation (By similarity). Required for maximal stimulation of steroidogenesis by TIMP1 (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Lysosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}. Apical cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}; Extracellular side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, chromaffin granule {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P25975}. Secreted, extracellular space {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}. Note=Localizes to the apical membrane of thyroid epithelial cells. Released at extracellular space by activated dendritic cells and macrophages {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06797}

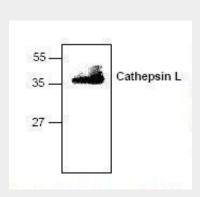
Volume 250 μl

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody - Images

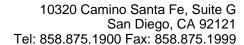


Western blot of Cathepsin L antibody ALS15568.

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody - Background

Important for the overall degradation of proteins in lysosomes.

CTSL / Cathepsin L Antibody - References





Gal S.,et al.Biochem. J. 253:303-306(1988). Joseph L.J.,et al.J. Clin. Invest. 81:1621-1629(1988). Ebert L.,et al.Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Bechtel S.,et al.BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007). Humphray S.J.,et al.Nature 429:369-374(2004).