

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus)

Goat Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS16078

Specification

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q9UBK9

Reactivity Human, Rabbit, Monkey, Pig, Bovine, Dog

Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 18kDa KDa

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8409

Other Names

Protein UXT, Androgen receptor trapped clone 27 protein, ART-27, Ubiquitously expressed transcript protein, UXT

Target/Specificity

Human UXT. This antibody is expected to recognize both reported isoforms (NP_004173.1; NP_705582.1).

Reconstitution & Storage

Store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

Precautions

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information

Name UXT

Function

Involved in gene transcription regulation (PubMed:28106301, PubMed:21730289). Acts in concert with the corepressor URI1 to regulate androgen receptor AR-mediated transcription (PubMed:11854421, PubMed:21730289). Together with URI1, associates with chromatin to the NKX3-1 promoter region (PubMed:21730289). Negatively regulates the transcriptional activity of the estrogen receptor ESR1 by inducing its translocation into the cytoplasm (PubMed:28106301). May act as nuclear chaperone that facilitates the formation of



the NF-kappa-B enhanceosome and thus positively regulates NF-kappa-B transcription activity (PubMed:17620405, PubMed:21307340). Potential component of mitochondrial-associated LRPPRC, a multidomain organizer that potentially integrates mitochondria and the microtubular cytoskeleton with chromosome remodeling (PubMed:17554592). Increasing concentrations of UXT contributes to progressive aggregation of mitochondria and cell death potentially through its association with LRPPRC (PubMed:17554592). Suppresses cell transformation and it might mediate this function by interaction and inhibition of the biological activity of cell proliferation and survival stimulatory factors like MECOM (PubMed:17635584).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole Note=Predominantly localizes to the nucleus (PubMed:16221885) Localizes to spindle pole during mitosis (PubMed:16221885)

Tissue Location

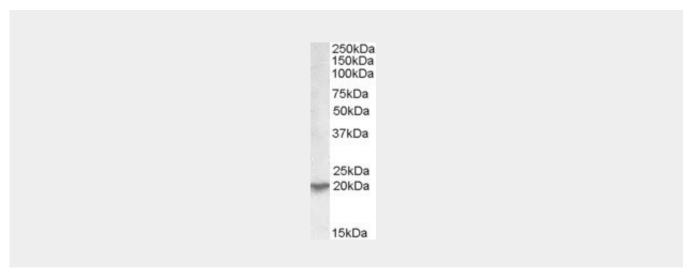
Ubiquitous (PubMed:10087202, PubMed:11854421, PubMed:17635584, PubMed:11827465). Expressed in prostate epithelial cells (PubMed:21730289). Expressed in mammary epithelial cells (PubMed:28106301). Highest levels in the heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, kidney, liver, adrenal gland, peripheral blood leukocytes, lymph node, prostate, and thyroid and the lowest levels in bladder and uterus (PubMed:11854421, PubMed:17635584, PubMed:11827465) Overexpressed in a number of tumor tissues (PubMed:11854421, PubMed:16221885, PubMed:28106301).

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus) - Images





UXT antibody (0.03 ug/ml) staining of Human Kidney lysate (35 ug protein/ml in RIPA buffer).

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background

Involved in gene transcription regulation. Acts in concert with the corepressor URI1 to regulate androgen receptor transcription (AR). AR N-terminus-associated coactivator which may play a role in facilitating receptor-induced transcriptional activation (PubMed:11854421). Potential component of mitochondrial-associated LRPPRC, a multidomain organizer that potentially integrates mitochondria and the microtubular cytoskeleton with chromosome remodeling (PubMed:11827465). Increasing concentrations of UXT contributes to progressive aggregation of mitochondria and cell death potentially through its association with LRPPRC (PubMed:17554592). May be a nuclear chaperone that promotes formation of the NF-kappa-B enhanceosome and which is essential for its nuclear function (PubMed:17620405). Suppresses cell transformation and it might mediate this function by interaction and inhibition of the biological activity of cell proliferation and survival stimulatory factors like MECOM (PubMed:17635584). Together with URI1, associates with chromatin to the NKX3-1 promoter region.

UXT Antibody (C-Terminus) - References

Schroer A., et al. Genomics 56:340-343(1999).

Markus S.M., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 13:670-682(2002).

McGilvray R., et al. FEBS J. 274:3960-3971(2007).

Zhang Q.-H., et al. Genome Res. 10:1546-1560(2000).

Zhou J., et al. Submitted (AUG-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.