

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus)

Goat Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS16283

Specification

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

Dilution

WB, IHC-P, E

O9UBN7

Human, Mouse, Monkey

Goat

Polyclonal

131kDa KDa

WB~~1:1000

IHC-P~~N/A

E~~N/A

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information

Gene ID 10013

Other Names

Histone deacetylase 6, HD6, 3.5.1.98, HDAC6, KIAA0901

Target/Specificity

Human HDAC6.

Reconstitution & Storage

Store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

Precautions

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information

Name HDAC6 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10220385, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:14064}

Function

Deacetylates a wide range of non-histone substrates (PubMed:<a

 $\label{lem:http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12024216" target="_blank">12024216, PubMed:18606987, PubMed:20308065, PubMed:24882211, PubMed:26246421, PubMed:30538141, PubMed:31857589, PubMed:30770470, PubMed:38534334, PubMed:38534334$



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39567688" target=" blank">39567688). Plays a central role in microtubule- dependent cell motility by mediating deacetylation of tubulin $\label{lem:constant} $$ (PubMed:12024216, $$ PubMed:20308065, $$ $$ (PubMed:12024216, $$ (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20308065" targe$ PubMed:26246421). Required for cilia disassembly via deacetylation of alpha-tubulin (PubMed: 17604723, PubMed:26246421). Alpha-tubulin deacetylation results in destabilization of dynamic microtubules (By similarity). Promotes deacetylation of CTTN, leading to actin polymerization, promotion of autophagosome-lysosome fusion and completion of autophagy (PubMed:30538141). Deacetylates SQSTM1 (PubMed:31857589). Deacetylates peroxiredoxins PRDX1 and PRDX2, decreasing their reducing activity (PubMed: 18606987). Deacetylates antiviral protein RIGI in the presence of viral mRNAs which is required for viral RNA detection by RIGI (By similarity). Sequentially deacetylates and polyubiquitinates DNA mismatch repair protein MSH2 which leads to MSH2 degradation, reducing cellular sensitivity to DNA-damaging agents and decreasing cellular DNA mismatch repair activities (PubMed:24882211). Deacetylates DNA mismatch repair protein MLH1 which prevents recruitment of the MutL alpha complex (formed by the MLH1-PMS2 heterodimer) to the MutS alpha complex (formed by the MSH2-MSH6 heterodimer), leading to tolerance of DNA damage (PubMed: 30770470). Deacetylates RHOT1/MIRO1 which blocks mitochondrial transport and mediates axon growth inhibition (By similarity). Deacetylates transcription factor SP1 which leads to increased expression of ENG, positively regulating angiogenesis (PubMed:38534334). Deacetylates KHDRBS1/SAM68 which regulates alternative splicing by inhibiting the inclusion of CD44 alternate exons (PubMed:26080397). Acts as a valine sensor by binding to valine through the primate-specific SE14 repeat region (PubMed:39567688). In valine deprivation conditions, translocates from the cytoplasm to the nucleus where it deacetylates TET2 which promotes TET2-dependent DNA demethylation, leading to DNA damage (PubMed: 39567688). Promotes odontoblast differentiation following IPO7-mediated nuclear import and subsequent repression of RUNX2 expression (By similarity). In addition to its protein deacetylase activity, plays a key role in the degradation of misfolded proteins: when misfolded proteins are too abundant to be degraded by the chaperone refolding system and the ubiquitin-proteasome, mediates the transport of misfolded proteins to a cytoplasmic juxtanuclear structure called aggresome (PubMed:17846173). Probably acts as an adapter that recognizes polyubiquitinated misfolded proteins and targets them to the aggresome, facilitating their clearance by autophagy (PubMed: 17846173). Involved in the MTA1-mediated epigenetic regulation of ESR1 expression in breast cancer (PubMed: 24413532).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus. Perikaryon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2V5}. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2V5}. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2V5}. Cell projection, cilium. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body Note=Mainly cytoplasmic where it is associated with microtubules (PubMed:12024216). Can shuttle between the cytoplasm and the nucleus (PubMed:39567688). Retained in the cytoplasm by binding to valine via the primate-specific SE14 repeat region while valine deprivation induces nuclear localization (PubMed:39567688). Found exclusively in the cytoplasm in proliferative cells with a



fraction found in the nucleus during differentiation (By similarity). May translocate to the nucleus following DNA damage (PubMed:30770470) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2V5, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12024216, ECO:0000269|PubMed:30770470, ECO:0000269|PubMed:39567688}

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protocols

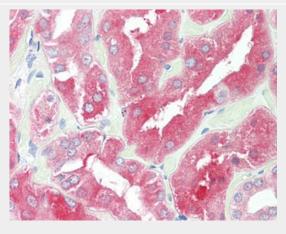
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Images



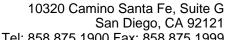
HDAC6 antibody (1 ug/ml) staining of HeLa nuclear lysate (35 ug protein in RIPA buffer).



Anti-HDAC6 antibody IHC staining of human kidney.

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background

Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an





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important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes (By similarity). Plays a central role in microtubule-dependent cell motility via deacetylation of tubulin. Involved in the MTA1-mediated epigenetic regulation of ESR1 expression in breast cancer.

HDAC6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - References

Grozinger C.M., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:4868-4873(1999). Nagase T., et al. DNA Res. 5:355-364(1998). Ohara O., et al. Submitted (JAN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Strom T.M., et al. Submitted (OCT-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ross M.T., et al. Nature 434:325-337(2005).