

#### **ICOS Antibody**

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS17079

### **Specification**

## **ICOS Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype

Calculated MW Dilution WB, IHC-P, IF Q9Y6W8

29851

Human, Mouse, Rat

Rabbit Polyclonal

lgG 22625

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

# **ICOS Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 29851** 

#### **Other Names**

ICOS, AILIM, CD278, CVID1, Inducible costimulator, Inducible T-cell co-stimulator, CD278 antigen, Inducible T-cell costimulator

### Target/Specificity

**Human ICOS** 

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

PBS, pH 7.3, 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol. Long term: -80°C; Short term: -20°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

ICOS Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **ICOS Antibody - Protein Information**

## Name ICOS

### **Synonyms AILIM**

#### **Function**

Stimulatory receptor expressed in activated or antigen- experienced T-cells that plays an important role in the immune response (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9930702" target="\_blank">9930702</a>). Upon binding to its ligand ICOSL expressed on antigen presenting cells (APCs), delivers costimulatory signals that enhances all basic T-cell responses to a foreign antigen, namely proliferation, secretion of





lymphokines including IL10, up-regulation of molecules that mediate cell-cell interaction, and effective help for antibody secretion by B-cells (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33033255" target="\_blank">33033255</a>). Also acts as a costimulatory receptor critical for the differentiation of T follicular regulatory cells upon immune challenges such as viral infection (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27135603" target="\_blank">27135603</a>). Mechanistically, potentiates TCR-induced calcium flux by augmenting PLCG1 activation and actin remodeling (By similarity). In addition, activates PI3K signaling pathways independently of calcium flux (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30523347" target="\_blank">30523347</a>). Essential both for efficient interaction between T and B-cells and for normal antibody responses to T-cell dependent antigens. Prevents the apoptosis of pre-activated T-cells. Plays a critical role in CD40-mediated class switching of immunoglobin isotypes (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

#### **Tissue Location**

Activated T-cells. Highly expressed on tonsillar T- cells, which are closely associated with B-cells in the apical light zone of germinal centers, the site of terminal B-cell maturation Expressed at lower levels in thymus, lung, lymph node and peripheral blood leukocytes. Expressed in the medulla of fetal and newborn thymus

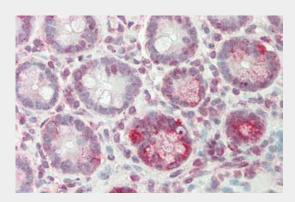
**Volume** 50 μl

## **ICOS Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

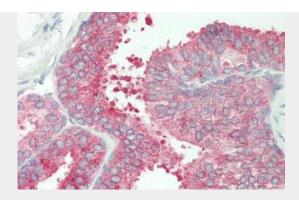
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **ICOS Antibody - Images**

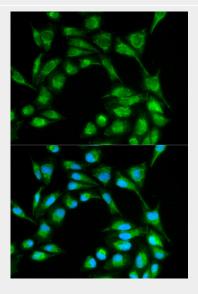


Human Small Intestine: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)

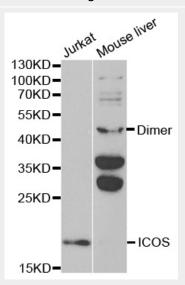




Human Prostate: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)



Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 cell using ICOS antibody. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using ICOS antibody.

# **ICOS Antibody - Background**

Enhances all basic T-cell responses to a foreign antigen, namely proliferation, secretion of lymphokines, up- regulation of molecules that mediate cell-cell interaction, and effective help for antibody secretion by B-cells. Essential both for efficient interaction between T and B-cells and for







normal antibody responses to T-cell dependent antigens. Does not up-regulate the production of interleukin-2, but superinduces the synthesis of interleukin-10. Prevents the apoptosis of preactivated T-cells. Plays a critical role in CD40-mediated class switching of immunoglobin isotypes (By similarity).

# **ICOS Antibody - References**

Hutloff A., et al. Nature 397:263-266(1999). Tezuka K., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 276:335-345(2000). Aicher A., et al.J. Immunol. 164:4689-4696(2000). Ling V., et al. Genomics 78:155-168(2001). Haaning Andersen A.D., et al. Tissue Antigens 61:276-285(2003).