

ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS17144

Specification

ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6) - Product Information

Application IHC-P, IF, WB, FC

Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
P16050

P16050

Human
Human
Homan
Mouse
Monoclonal
IgG2b

74804

ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6) - Additional Information

Gene ID 246

Other Names

ALOX15, 15-lipoxygenase, 15-LOX, 15-lipooxygenase-1, 15-LO-1, 15LOX-1, 15-LOX-1, LOG15, Arachidonate 15-lipoxygenase

Target/Specificity

Human 15-LOX / ALOX15

Reconstitution & Storage

PBS, pH 7.3, 1% BSA, 50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

Precautions

ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6) - Protein Information

Name ALOX15 (HGNC:433)

Synonyms LOG15

Function

Non-heme iron-containing dioxygenase that catalyzes the stereo-specific peroxidation of free and esterified polyunsaturated fatty acids generating a spectrum of bioactive lipid mediators (PubMed:1944593, PubMed:8334154, PubMed:17052953, PubMed:24282679, PubMed:25293588,



PubMed:32404334). It inserts peroxyl groups at C12 or C15 of arachidonate ((5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-eicosatetraenoate) producing both 12-hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoate/12-HPETE and 15-

hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoate/15-HPETE (PubMed:1944593, PubMed:8334154, PubMed:17052953, PubMed:24282679). It may then act on 12-HPETE to produce hepoxilins, which may show pro-inflammatory properties (By similarity). Can also peroxidize linoleate ((9Z,12Z)-octadecadienoate) to

13-hydroperoxyoctadecadienoate/13-HPODE (PubMed:8334154). May participate in the sequential oxidations of DHA ((4Z,7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z,19Z)-docosahexaenoate) to generate specialized pro- resolving mediators (SPMs)like resolvin D5 ((7S,17S)-diHPDHA) and (75,14S)-diHPDHA, that actively down-regulate the immune response and have anti-aggregation properties with platelets (PubMed: 32404334). Can convert epoxy fatty acids to hydroperoxy-epoxides derivatives followed by an intramolecular nucleophilic substitution leading to the formation of monocyclic endoperoxides (PubMed: 25293588). Plays an important role during the maintenance of self-tolerance by peroxidizing membrane-bound phosphatidylethanolamine which can then signal the sorting process for clearance of apoptotic cells during inflammation and prevent an autoimmune response. In addition to its role in the immune and inflammatory responses, this enzyme may play a role in epithelial wound healing in the cornea through production of lipoxin A4 (LXA(4)) and docosahexaenoic acid-derived neuroprotectin D1 (NPD1; 10R,17S-HDHA), both lipid autacoids exhibit anti-inflammatory and neuroprotective properties. Furthermore, it may regulate actin polymerization which is crucial for several biological processes such as the phagocytosis of apoptotic cells. It is also implicated in the generation of endogenous ligands for peroxisome proliferator activated receptor (PPAR-gamma), hence modulating macrophage development and function. It may also exert a negative effect on skeletal development by regulating bone mass through this pathway. As well as participates in ER stress and downstream inflammation in adipocytes, pancreatic islets, and liver (By similarity). Finally, it is also involved in the cellular response to IL13/interleukin-13 (PubMed:21831839).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Lipid droplet. Note=Predominantly cytosolic; becomes enriched at membranes upon calcium binding (By similarity) Translocates from the cytosol to the plasma membrane when stimulated by IL13/interleukin-13 and in macrophages binding apoptotic cells (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39654}

Tissue Location

Detected in monocytes and eosinophils (at protein level). Expressed in airway epithelial cells

Volume 50 µl

ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6) - Protocols

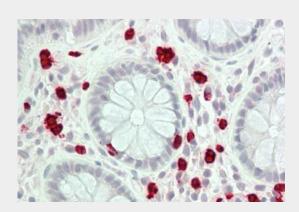
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot

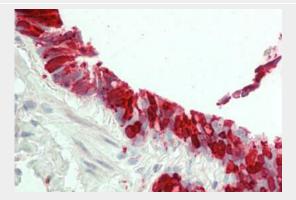


- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

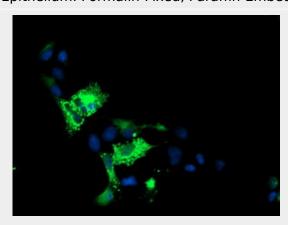
ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6) - Images



Human Colon: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)

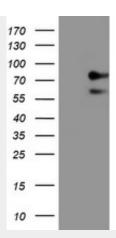


Human Lung, Respiratory Epithelium: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)

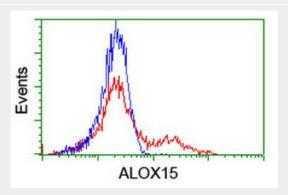


Anti-ALOX15 mouse monoclonal antibody immunofluorescent staining of COS7 cells transiently...





HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY ALOX15...



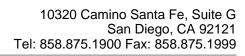
HEK293T cells transfected with either overexpress plasmid (Red) or empty vector control plasmid...

ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6) - Background

Non-heme iron-containing dioxygenase that catalyzes the stereo-specific peroxidation of free and esterified polyunsaturated fatty acids generating a spectrum of bioactive lipid mediators. Converts arachidonic acid into 12- hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoic acid/12-HPETE and 15hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoic acid/15-HPETE. Also converts linoleic acid to 13-hydroperoxyoctadecadienoic acid. May also act on (12S)- hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoic acid/(12S)-HPETE to produce hepoxilin A3. Probably plays an important role in the immune and inflammatory responses. Through the oxygenation of membrane-bound phosphatidylethanolamine in macrophages may favor clearance of apoptotic cells during inflammation by resident macrophages and prevent an autoimmune response associated with the clearance of apoptotic cells by inflammatory monocytes. In parallel, may regulate actin polymerization which is crucial for several biological processes, including macrophage function. May also regulate macrophage function through regulation of the peroxisome proliferator activated receptor signaling pathway. Finally, it is also involved in the cellular response to IL13/interleukin-13. In addition to its role in the immune and inflammatory responses, may play a role in epithelial wound healing in the cornea maybe through production of lipoxin A4. May also play a role in endoplasmic reticulum stress response and the regulation of bone mass.

ALOX15 / 15-Lipoxygenase Antibody (clone 7H6) - References

Sigal E., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 157:457-464(1988). Kritzik M.R., et al. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1352:267-281(1997). Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Zody M.C., et al. Nature 440:1045-1049(2006).





Kelavkar U., et al. Mol. Biol. Rep. 25:173-182(1998).