

Anti-GFI1B Antibody (Internal)

Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS17446

Specification

Anti-GFI1B Antibody (Internal) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P Primary Accession Q5VTD9

Predicted Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 37492

Anti-GFI1B Antibody (Internal) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8328

Alias Symbol GFI1B
Other Names

GFI1B, Zinc finger protein Gfi-1b

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of GFI1B protein.

Reconstitution & Storage

PBS, pH 7.3, 0.01% sodium azide, 30% glycerol. Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Precautions

Anti-GFI1B Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Anti-GFI1B Antibody (Internal) - Protein Information

Name GFI1B

Function

Essential proto-oncogenic transcriptional regulator necessary for development and differentiation of erythroid and megakaryocytic lineages. Component of a RCOR-GFI-KDM1A-HDAC complex that suppresses, via histone deacetylase (HDAC) recruitment, a number of genes implicated in multilineage blood cell development and controls hematopoietic differentiation. Transcriptional repressor or activator depending on both promoter and cell type context; represses promoter activity of SOCS1 and SOCS3 and thus, may regulate cytokine signaling pathways. Cooperates with GATA1 to repress target gene transcription, such as the apoptosis regulator BCL2L1; GFI1B silencing in leukemic cell lines markedly increase apoptosis rate. Inhibits down-regulation of MYC and MYB as well as the cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor CDKN1A/P21WAF1 in IL6-treated myelomonocytic cells. Represses expression of GATA3 in T-cell lymphomas and inhibits GATA1-mediated transcription; as GATA1 also mediates erythroid GFI1B transcription, both GATA1







and GFI1B participate in a feedback regulatory pathway controlling the expression of GFI1B gene in erythroid cells. Suppresses GATA1-mediated stimulation of GFI1B promoter through protein interaction. Binds to gamma-satellite DNA and to its own promoter, auto-repressing its own expression. Alters histone methylation by recruiting histone methyltransferase to target genes promoters. Plays a role in heterochromatin formation.

Cellular Location Nucleus.

Tissue Location

Expressed in bone marrow and fetal liver, but also detectable in fetal spleen, fetal thymus, and testes. Detected in hematopoietic stem cells, erythroblasts, and megakaryocytes Overexpressed in bone marrow of patients with erythroleukemia and megakaryocytic leukemia as well as in their corresponding leukemic cell lines, and markedly repressed in severe aplastic anemia (SAA)

Anti-GFI1B Antibody (Internal) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-GFI1B Antibody (Internal) - Images