

NUP50 Antibody (ascites)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM1921a

Specification

NUP50 Antibody (ascites) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW WB,E <u>Q9UKX7</u> <u>NP_009103.2</u> Human Mouse Monoclonal lgG1,k 50144

NUP50 Antibody (ascites) - Additional Information

Gene ID 10762

Other Names

Nuclear pore complex protein Nup50, 50 kDa nucleoporin, Nuclear pore-associated protein 60 kDa-like, Nucleoporin Nup50, NUP50, NPAP60L

Target/Specificity

This NUP50 monoclonal antibody is generated from mouse immunized with NUP50 recombinant protein.

Dilution WB~~1:1000~3200 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Mouse monoclonal antibody supplied in crude ascites with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions NUP50 Antibody (ascites) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NUP50 Antibody (ascites) - Protein Information

Name NUP50

Synonyms NPAP60L



Function Component of the nuclear pore complex that has a direct role in nuclear protein import (PubMed:<u>20016008</u>). Actively displaces NLSs from importin-alpha, and facilitates disassembly of the importin- alpha:beta-cargo complex and importin recycling (PubMed:<u>20016008</u>). Interacts with regulatory proteins of cell cycle progression including CDKN1B (By similarity). This interaction is required for correct intracellular transport and degradation of CDKN1B (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus, nuclear pore complex. Nucleus membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:008587}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:008587}; Nucleoplasmic side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:008587}. Note=Localizes to the nucleoplasmic fibrils of the nuclear pore complex (By similarity). Dissociates from the NPC structure early during prophase of mitosis (PubMed:12802065) Associates with the newly formed nuclear membrane during telophase (PubMed:12802065). In the testis, the localization changes during germ cell differentiation from the nuclear surface in spermatocytes to the whole nucleus (interior) in spermatids and back to the nuclear surface in spermatozoa (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:008587, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12802065}

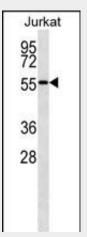
Tissue Location Ubiquitous. Highest levels in testis, peripheral blood leukocytes and fetal liver

NUP50 Antibody (ascites) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

NUP50 Antibody (ascites) - Images



NUP50 (Cat. #AM1921a) western blot analysis in Jurkat cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the NUP50 antibody detected the NUP50 protein (arrow).

NUP50 Antibody (ascites) - Background



The nuclear pore complex is a massive structure that extends across the nuclear envelope, forming a gateway that regulates the flow of macromolecules between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Nucleoporins are the main components of the nuclear pore complex in eukaryotic cells. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the FG-repeat containing nucleoporins that functions as a soluble cofactor in importin-alpha:beta-mediated nuclear protein import. Pseudogenes of this gene are found on chromosomes 5, 6, and 14. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

NUP50 Antibody (ascites) - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) : Ogawa, Y., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 21(4):630-638(2010) Sugiyama, N., et al. Mol. Cell Proteomics 6(6):1103-1109(2007) Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006) Beausoleil, S.A., et al. Nat. Biotechnol. 24(10):1285-1292(2006)