

GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM1998a

Specification

GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession O5T442

Other Accession <u>Q80XF7</u>, <u>Q8BQU6</u>, <u>Q29RK8</u>, <u>Q7ZXS7</u>, <u>A4GG66</u>,

A4GVD1, P28229, P36383, Q92052, Q6R4A8,

P18861, Q2HJ66, NP_065168.2

Reactivity Human

Predicted Bovine, Chicken, Hamster, Zebrafish,

Mouse, Pig, Rat, Xenopus

Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype IgM
Calculated MW 47002
Antigen Region 53-78

GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites) - Additional Information

Gene ID 57165

Other Names

Gap junction gamma-2 protein, Connexin-466, Cx466, Connexin-47, Cx47, Gap junction alpha-12 protein, GJC2, GJA12

Target/Specificity

This GJC2 antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 53-78 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human GJC2.

Dilution

WB~~1:100~8000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Mouse monoclonal antibody supplied in crude ascites with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites) - Protein Information



Name GJC2

Synonyms GJA12

Function One gap junction consists of a cluster of closely packed pairs of transmembrane channels, the connexons, through which materials of low MW diffuse from one cell to a neighboring cell. May play a role in myelination in central and peripheral nervous systems.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, gap junction

Tissue Location

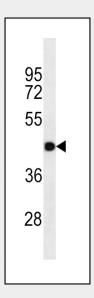
Expressed in central nervous system, in sciatic nerve and sural nerve. Also detected in skeletal muscles

GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

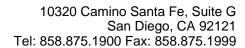
GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites) - Images



GJC2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AM1998a) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the GJC2 antibody detected the GJC2 protein (arrow).

GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites) - Background

GJC2 is a gap junction protein. Gap junction proteins are members of a large family of homologous connexins and





comprise 4 transmembrane, 2 extracellular, and 3 cytoplasmic domains. This gene plays a key role in central myelination and is involved in peripheral myelination in humans. Defects in this gene are the cause of autosomal recessive Pelizaeus-Merzbacher-like disease-1.

GJC2 Antibody (N-term)(Ascites) - References

Ferrell, R.E., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 86(6):943-948(2010) Wang, J., et al. Brain Dev. 32(3):236-243(2010) Ishikawa, T., et al. Rinsho Shinkeigaku 50(1):7-11(2010) Ruf, N., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. 150B (2), 226-232 (2009): Orthmann-Murphy, J.L., et al. Brain 132 (PT 2), 426-438 (2009):