

RUVBL1 Antibody
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM2039b**Specification**

RUVBL1 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	O9Y265
Other Accession	NP_003698.1
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	50228

RUVBL1 Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 8607**Other Names**

RuvB-like 1, 49 kDa TATA box-binding protein-interacting protein, 49 kDa TBP-interacting protein, 54 kDa erythrocyte cytosolic protein, ECP-54, INO80 complex subunit H, Nuclear matrix protein 238, NMP 238, Pontin 52, TIP49a, TIP60-associated protein 54-alpha, TAP54-alpha, RUVBL1, INO80H, NMP238, TIP49, TIP49A

Target/Specificity

Purified His-tagged RUVBL1 protein(Fragment) was used to produced this monoclonal antibody.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

RUVBL1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RUVBL1 Antibody - Protein Information**Name** RUVBL1 ([HGNC:10474](#))**Function** Possesses single-stranded DNA-stimulated ATPase and ATP- dependent DNA helicase (3'

to 5') activity; hexamerization is thought to be critical for ATP hydrolysis and adjacent subunits in the ring- like structure contribute to the ATPase activity (PubMed:[17157868](#), PubMed:[33205750](#)). Component of the NuA4 histone acetyltransferase complex which is involved in transcriptional activation of select genes principally by acetylation of nucleosomal histones H4 and H2A (PubMed:[14966270](#)). This modification may both alter nucleosome-DNA interactions and promote interaction of the modified histones with other proteins which positively regulate transcription (PubMed:[14966270](#)). This complex may be required for the activation of transcriptional programs associated with oncogene and proto-oncogene mediated growth induction, tumor suppressor mediated growth arrest and replicative senescence, apoptosis, and DNA repair (PubMed:[14966270](#)). The NuA4 complex ATPase and helicase activities seem to be, at least in part, contributed by the association of RUVBL1 and RUVBL2 with EP400. NuA4 may also play a direct role in DNA repair when recruited to sites of DNA damage (PubMed:[14966270](#)). Component of a SWR1-like complex that specifically mediates the removal of histone H2A.Z/H2AZ1 from the nucleosome (PubMed:[24463511](#)). Proposed core component of the chromatin remodeling INO80 complex which exhibits DNA- and nucleosome-activated ATPase activity and catalyzes ATP-dependent nucleosome sliding (PubMed:[16230350](#), PubMed:[21303910](#)). Plays an essential role in oncogenic transformation by MYC and also modulates transcriptional activation by the LEF1/TCF1-CTNNB1 complex (PubMed:[10882073](#), PubMed:[16014379](#)). Essential for cell proliferation (PubMed:[14506706](#)). May be able to bind plasminogen at cell surface and enhance plasminogen activation (PubMed:[11027681](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus matrix. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasm. Membrane Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome Dynein axonemal particle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9DE26}. Note=Mainly localized in the nucleus, associated with nuclear matrix or in the nuclear cytosol, although it is also present in the cytoplasm and associated with the cell membranes. In prophase and prometaphase it is located at the centrosome and the branching microtubule spindles. After mitotic nuclear membrane disintegration it accumulates at the centrosome and sites of tubulin polymerization. As cells pass through metaphase and into telophase it is located close to the centrosome at the early phase of tubulin polymerization. In anaphase it accumulates at the zone of tubule interdigitation. In telophase it is found at polar tubule overlap, and it reappears at the site of chromosomal decondensation in the daughter cells

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed with high expression in heart, skeletal muscle and testis

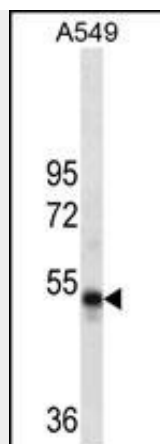
RUVBL1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

RUVBL1 Antibody - Images





RUVBL1 Antibody (Cat. #AM2039b) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the RUVBL1 antibody detected the RUVBL1 protein (arrow).

RUVBL1 Antibody - Background

Possesses single-stranded DNA-stimulated ATPase and ATP-dependent DNA helicase (3' to 5') activity. Component of the NuA4 histone acetyltransferase complex which is involved in transcriptional activation of select genes principally by acetylation of nucleosomal histones H4 and H2A. This modification may both alter nucleosome-DNA interactions and promote interaction of the modified histones with other proteins which positively regulate transcription. This complex may be required for the activation of transcriptional programs associated with oncogene and proto-oncogene mediated growth induction, tumor suppressor mediated growth arrest and replicative senescence, apoptosis, and DNA repair. The NuA4 complex ATPase and helicase activities seem to be, at least in part, contributed by the association of RUVBL1 and RUVBL2 with EP400. NuA4 may also play a direct role in DNA repair when recruited to sites of DNA damage. RUVBL1 plays an essential role in oncogenic transformation by MYC and also modulates transcriptional activation by the LEF1/TCF1-CTNNB1 complex. May be able to bind plasminogen at cell surface and enhance plasminogen activation. Essential for cell proliferation.

RUVBL1 Antibody - References

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Niewiarowski, A., et al. Biochem. J. 429(1):113-125(2010)
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