

### **PIN1 Antibody**

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM2212B

## **Specification**

### **PIN1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype

WB, IHC-P,E <u>013526</u> Human, Mouse, Rat, Green Monkey Mouse Monoclonal IgG1 18243

# **PIN1** Antibody - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 5300**

Calculated MW

#### **Other Names**

Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase NIMA-interacting 1, Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase Pin1, PPlase Pin1, Rotamase Pin1, PIN1

## Target/Specificity

Purified His-tagged PIN1 protein was used to produced this monoclonal antibody.

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:25

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

# **Format**

Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.

### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

PIN1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **PIN1 Antibody - Protein Information**

# Name PIN1

**Function** Peptidyl-prolyl cis/trans isomerase (PPlase) that binds to and isomerizes specific phosphorylated Ser/Thr-Pro (pSer/Thr-Pro) motifs (PubMed: 21497122, PubMed: 23623683,



PubMed: 29686383). By inducing conformational changes in a subset of phosphorylated proteins, acts as a molecular switch in multiple cellular processes (PubMed:21497122, PubMed:22033920, PubMed:23623683). Displays a preference for acidic residues located N-terminally to the proline bond to be isomerized. Regulates mitosis presumably by interacting with NIMA and attenuating its mitosis-promoting activity. Down-regulates kinase activity of BTK (PubMed: 16644721). Can transactivate multiple oncogenes and induce centrosome amplification, chromosome instability and cell transformation. Required for the efficient dephosphorylation and recycling of RAF1 after mitogen activation (PubMed: 15664191). Binds and targets PML and BCL6 for degradation in a phosphorylation-dependent manner (PubMed: 17828269). Acts as a regulator of JNK cascade by binding to phosphorylated FBXW7, disrupting FBXW7 dimerization and promoting FBXW7 autoubiquitination and degradation: degradation of FBXW7 leads to subsequent stabilization of JUN (PubMed:22608923). May facilitate the ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation of RBBP8/CtIP through CUL3/KLHL15 E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex, hence favors DNA double-strand repair through error-prone non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) over error-free, RBBP8-mediated homologous recombination (HR) (PubMed:23623683, PubMed:27561354). Upon IL33-induced lung inflammation, catalyzes cis-trans isomerization of phosphorylated IRAK3/IRAK-M, inducing IRAK3 stabilization, nuclear translocation and expression of pro-inflammatory genes in dendritic cells (PubMed: 29686383). Catalyzes cis-trans isomerization of phosphorylated phosphoglycerate kinase PGK1 under hypoxic conditions to promote its binding to the TOM complex and targeting to the mitochondrion (PubMed: 26942675).

### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm Note=Colocalizes with NEK6 in the nucleus (PubMed:16476580). Mainly localized in the nucleus but phosphorylation at Ser-71 by DAPK1 results in inhibition of its nuclear localization (PubMed:21497122)

### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in immune cells in the lung (at protein level) (PubMed:29686383). The phosphorylated form at Ser-71 is expressed in normal breast tissue cells but not in breast cancer cells

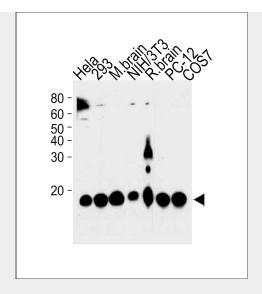
## **PIN1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

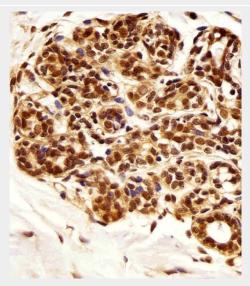
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### PIN1 Antibody - Images





PIN1 Antibody (Cat. #AM2212b) western blot analysis in Hela,293,mouse NIH/3T3,PC-12,COS-7 cell line and mouse brain,rat brain tissue lysates (35μg/lane). This demonstrates the PIN1 antibody detected the PIN1 protein (arrow).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. breast section using PIN1 Antibody(Cat#AM2212B). AM2212B was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.

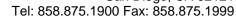
# **PIN1 Antibody - Background**

Essential PPlase that regulates mitosis presumably by interacting with NIMA and attenuating its mitosis-promoting activity. Displays a preference for an acidic residue N-terminal to the isomerized proline bond. Catalyzes pSer/Thr-Pro cis/trans isomerizations. Down-regulates kinase activity of BTK. Can transactivate multiple oncogenes and induce centrosome amplification, chromosome instability and cell transformation. Required for the efficient dephosphorylation and recycling of RAF1 after mitogen activation.

## **PIN1 Antibody - References**

Ebert L., et al. Submitted (MAY-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Lu K.P., et al. Nature 380:544-547(1996). Kalnine N., et al. Submitted (OCT-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.







Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Mural R.J., et al. Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

# **PIN1 Antibody - Citations**

- Hyperthermia depletes Oct4 in mouse blastocysts and stem cells
- RACK1 Promotes Self-Renewal and Chemoresistance of Cancer Stem Cells in Human Hepatocellular Carcinoma through Stabilizing Nanog.
- Knockdown of the prolyl isomerase Pin1 inhibits Hep-2 cells growth, migration and invasion by targeting β-catenin signaling pathway.