

IKK beta Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM8109b

Specification

IKK beta Antibody - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession O14920
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype Mouse IgG1

IKK beta Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3551

Other Names

Inhibitor of nuclear factor kappa-B kinase subunit beta, I-kappa-B-kinase beta, IKK-B, IKK-beta, IkBKB, I-kappa-B kinase 2, IKK2, Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B inhibitor kinase beta, NFKBIKB, IKBKB, IKKB

Target/Specificity

This IKK beta antibody was raised using purified His-tagged recombinant full length human IKK beta.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

IKK beta Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

IKK beta Antibody - Protein Information

Name IKBKB

Synonyms IKKB

Function Serine kinase that plays an essential role in the NF-kappa-B signaling pathway which is



activated by multiple stimuli such as inflammatory cytokines, bacterial or viral products, DNA damages or other cellular stresses (PubMed: 20434986, PubMed: 20797629, PubMed: 21138416, PubMed:30337470, PubMed:9346484). Acts as a part of the canonical IKK complex in the conventional pathway of NF-kappa-B activation (PubMed: 9346484). Phosphorylates inhibitors of NF-kappa-B on 2 critical serine residues (PubMed: 20434986, PubMed: 20797629, PubMed: 21138416, PubMed: 9346484). These modifications allow polyubiquitination of the inhibitors and subsequent degradation by the proteasome (PubMed: 20434986. PubMed: 20797629. PubMed: 21138416, PubMed: 9346484). In turn, free NF-kappa-B is translocated into the nucleus and activates the transcription of hundreds of genes involved in immune response, growth control, or protection against apoptosis (PubMed: 20434986, PubMed: 20797629, PubMed: 21138416, PubMed: 9346484). In addition to the NF-kappa-B inhibitors, phosphorylates several other components of the signaling pathway including NEMO/IKBKG, NF-kappa-B subunits RELA and NFKB1, as well as IKK-related kinases TBK1 and IKBKE (PubMed:11297557, PubMed:14673179, PubMed: 20410276, PubMed: 21138416), IKK-related kinase phosphorylations may prevent the overproduction of inflammatory mediators since they exert a negative regulation on canonical IKKs (PubMed: 11297557, PubMed: 20410276, PubMed: 21138416). Phosphorylates FOXO3, mediating the TNF-dependent inactivation of this pro-apoptotic transcription factor (PubMed: 15084260). Also phosphorylates other substrates including NAA10, NCOA3, BCL10 and IRS1 (PubMed: 17213322, PubMed: 19716809). Phosphorylates RIPK1 at 'Ser-25' which represses its kinase activity and consequently prevents TNF- mediated RIPK1-dependent cell death (By similarity). Phosphorylates the C-terminus of IRF5, stimulating IRF5 homodimerization and translocation into the nucleus (PubMed: 25326418). Following bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS)-induced TLR4 endocytosis, phosphorylates STAT1 at 'Thr-749' which restricts interferon signaling and anti-inflammatory responses and promotes innate inflammatory responses (PubMed:38621137). IKBKB-mediated phosphorylation of STAT1 at 'Thr-749' promotes binding of STAT1 to the ARID5A promoter, resulting in transcriptional activation of ARID5A and subsequent ARID5A-mediated stabilization of IL6 (PubMed: 32209697). It also promotes binding of STAT1 to the IL12B promoter and activation of IL12B transcription (PubMed: 32209697).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane raft. Note=Colocalized with DPP4 in membrane rafts.

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testis and peripheral blood

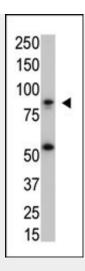
IKK beta Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

IKK beta Antibody - Images





The anti-IKKbeta Mab (Cat. #AM8109b) is used in Western blot to detect IKKbeta in SK-BR3 cell lysate.

IKK beta Antibody - Background

NFKB1 (MIM 164011) or NFKB2 (MIM 164012) is bound to REL (MIM 164910), RELA (MIM 164014), or RELB (MIM 604758) to form the NFKB complex. The NFKB complex is inhibited by I-kappa-B proteins (NFKBIA, MIM 164008, or NFKBIB, MIM 604495), which inactivate NF-kappa-B by trapping it in the cytoplasm. Phosphorylation of serine residues on the I-kappa-B proteins by kinases (IKBKA, MIM 600664, or IKBKB) marks them for destruction via the ubiquitination pathway, thereby allowing activation of the NF-kappa-B complex. Activated NFKB complex translocates into the nucleus and binds DNA at kappa-B-binding motifs such as 5-prime GGGRNNYYCC 3-prime or 5-prime HGGARNYYCC 3-prime (where H is A, C, or T; R is an A or G purine; and Y is a C or T pyrimidine).

IKK beta Antibody - References

Downregulation of active IKK beta by Ro52-mediated autophagy. Niida M, et al. Mol Immunol, 2010 Aug. PMID 20627395.

Interleukin-9 polymorphism in infants with respiratory syncytial virus infection: an opposite effect in boys and girls. Schuurhof A, et al. Pediatr Pulmonol, 2010 Jun. PMID 20503287.

Association between anti-tumour necrosis factor treatment response and genetic variants within the TLR and NF{kappa}B signalling pathways. Potter C, et al. Ann Rheum Dis, 2010 Jul. PMID 20448286. Protein phosphatase 2A acts as a mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 3 (MEKK3) phosphatase to inhibit lysophosphatidic acid-induced IkappaB kinase beta/nuclear factor-kappaB activation. Sun W, et al. J Biol Chem, 2010 Jul 9. PMID 20448038.

Respiratory syncytial virus-mediated NF-kappa B p65 phosphorylation at serine 536 is dependent on RIG-I, TRAF6, and IKK beta. Yoboua F, et al. J Virol, 2010 Jul. PMID 20410276.

IKK beta Antibody - Citations

• Negative feedback loop in T cell activation through IkappaB kinase-induced phosphorylation and degradation of Bcl10.