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Anti-C-Raf (S471) [B-Raf (S579)/A-Raf (S432)], Phosphospecific Antibody

Catalog # AN1935

Specification

Anti-C-Raf (S471) [B-Raf (S579)/A-Raf (S432)], Phosphospecific Antibody - Product Information

Primary Accession	P04049
Reactivity	**Bovine**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**Rabbit Polyclonal**
Isotype	**IgG**
Calculated MW	**73052**

Anti-C-Raf (S471) [B-Raf (S579)/A-Raf (S432)], Phosphospecific Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	**5894**

Other Names
Raf1, CRaf

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
Anti-C-Raf (S471) [B-Raf (S579)/A-Raf (S432)], Phosphospecific Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Shipping
Blue Ice

Anti-C-Raf (S471) [B-Raf (S579)/A-Raf (S432)], Phosphospecific Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-C-Raf (S471) [B-Raf (S579)/A-Raf (S432)], Phosphospecific Antibody - Images

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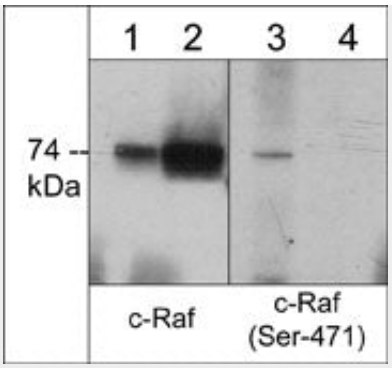

Western blot of human Jurkat cells treated with calyculin A (100 nM) for 30 min. The blots were untreated (lanes 1 & 3) or treated (lanes 2 & 4) with lambda phosphatase and probed with anti-C-Raf (N-terminal region) (lanes 1 & 2) or anti-C-Raf (Ser-471) (lanes 3 & 4).

Anti-C-Raf (S471) [B-Raf (S579)/A-Raf (S432)], Phosphospecific Antibody - Background

The Ras-Raf-MAP kinase signaling pathway is involved in control of cell proliferation and differentiation. The Raf kinase family includes A-Raf, B-Raf, and C-Raf. Each family member has three highly conserved regions (CR1-3). The N-terminal CR1 contains the Ras-GTP-binding domain. The CR2 contains a negative regulatory serine residue (C-Raf (S259)/B-Raf(S365)) that may bind 14-3-3 proteins. The CR3 is the catalytic domain that contains phosphorylation sites for Raf-regulating enzymes within two segments, the N-region and the activation segment. Activation of C-Raf involves phosphorylation at many sites including Ser-338, Tyr-341, and Ser-471. The latter site is phosphorylated after EGF stimulation and may be important for MEK interaction in both C-Raf and A-Raf. In B-Raf, multiple phosphorylation sites have been identified, but their specific roles are uncertain. Phosphorylation of Ser-446 may prime B-Raf for activation, and Ser-446 and/or Ser-447 phosphorylation may be critical for B-Raf biological activity during PC12 differentiation. Ser-579 is required for growth factor activation and kinase activity.