

Anti-Semaphorin-3A (Central region) Antibody
Catalog # AN1942**Specification**

Anti-Semaphorin-3A (Central region) Antibody - Product Information

Primary Accession	Q14563
Reactivity	Bovine
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Mouse Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	88889

Anti-Semaphorin-3A (Central region) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	10371
Other Names	
Sema3A, Semaphorin III	

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Anti-Semaphorin-3A (Central region) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

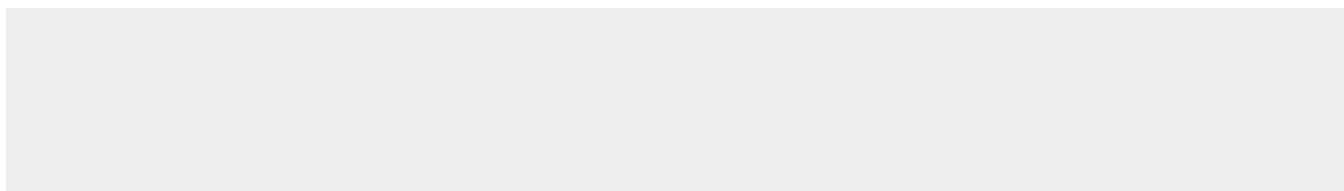
Shipping

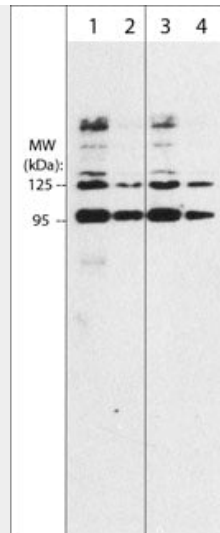
Blue Ice

Anti-Semaphorin-3A (Central region) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-Semaphorin-3A (Central region) Antibody - Images



Western blots of human recombinant Sema3A/Fc chimera (95/125 kDa) (lanes 1-4). The blots were probed with rabbit polyclonal Sema3A (Central region) at 1:250 (lane 1) and 1:1000 (lane 2) and mouse monoclonal Sema3A (Central region) at 1:250 (lane 3) and 1:1000 (lane 4). Both antibodies recognize the 95 kDa and 125 kDa forms of the recombinant Sema3A.

Anti-Semaphorin-3A (Central region) Antibody - Background

One family of inhibitory axon guidance molecules is the semaphorins. The semaphorins include secreted, transmembrane, and GPI-anchored extracellular molecules that are involved in regulating axon guidance by inhibiting axons from growing toward incorrect targets. Semaphorin 3A (Sema3A) may play a particularly interesting role in limiting axon regeneration since it is expressed in meningeal fibroblasts that invade the injured spinal cord and surround the glial scar. In addition, the Sema3A co-receptors, Neuropilin-1 and Plexin-A1, are expressed on axons that regenerate up to the injured region, but do not cross this Sema3A-containing region. Thus, Sema3A and its co-receptors may have important roles in regulating axon guidance during neuronal development and after neuronal injury.