

## **ALCAM Antibody**

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # A01190a

# **Specification**

## **ALCAM Antibody - Product Information**

Application IHC, E
Primary Accession Q13740
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype IgG1

**Description** 

ALCAM(CD166): Activated leukocyte cell adhesion molecule.CD166 is a member of the Ig superfamily and is expressed on activated T-cells, B cells and other cells including thymic epithelial cells, fibroblasts, keratinocytes and neurons. CD6 has been identified as a receptor for CD166.

# **Immunogen**

### **Formulation**

Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

# **ALCAM Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 214

### **Other Names**

CD166 antigen, Activated leukocyte cell adhesion molecule, CD166, ALCAM, MEMD

### **Dilution**

IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000

E~~N/A

### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

ALCAM Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **ALCAM Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name ALCAM** 

**Synonyms** MEMD {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9502422}



### **Function**

Cell adhesion molecule that mediates both heterotypic cell- cell contacts via its interaction with CD6, as well as homotypic cell- cell contacts (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15048703" target=" blank">15048703</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15496415" target="blank">15496415</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16352806" target="blank">16352806</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23169771" target="\_blank">23169771</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24945728" target="\_blank">24945728</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7760007" target=" blank">7760007</a>). Promotes T-cell activation and proliferation via its interactions with CD6 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15048703" target=" blank">15048703</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16352806" target="blank">16352806</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24945728" target="blank">24945728</a>). Contributes to the formation and maturation of the immunological synapse via its interactions with CD6 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15294938" target=" blank">15294938</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16352806" target=" blank">16352806</a>). Mediates homotypic interactions with cells that express ALCAM (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15496415" target="\_blank">15496415</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16352806" target="blank">16352806</a>). Acts as a ligand for the LILRB4 receptor, enhancing LILRB4-mediated inhibition of T cell proliferation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29263213" target=" blank">29263213</a>). Required for normal hematopoietic stem cell engraftment in the bone marrow (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24740813" target=" blank">24740813</a>). Mediates attachment of dendritic cells onto endothelial cells via homotypic interaction (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23169771" target="\_blank">23169771</a>). Inhibits endothelial cell migration and promotes endothelial tube formation via homotypic interactions (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15496415" target=" blank">15496415</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23169771" target=" blank">23169771</a>). Required for normal organization of the lymph vessel network. Required for normal hematopoietic stem cell engraftment in the bone marrow. Plays a role in hematopoiesis; required for normal numbers of hematopoietic stem cells in bone marrow. Promotes in vitro osteoblast proliferation and differentiation (By similarity). Promotes neurite extension, axon growth and axon guidance; axons grow preferentially on surfaces that contain ALCAM. Mediates outgrowth and pathfinding for retinal ganglion cell axons (By similarity).

## **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61490}. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61490}. Note=Detected at the immunological synapse, i.e, at the contact zone between antigen-presenting dendritic cells and T-cells (PubMed:15294938, PubMed:16352806). Colocalizes with CD6 and the TCR/CD3 complex at the immunological synapse (PubMed:15294938).

### **Tissue Location**

Detected on hematopoietic stem cells derived from umbilical cord blood (PubMed:24740813). Detected on lymph vessel endothelial cells, skin and tonsil (PubMed:23169771). Detected on peripheral blood monocytes (PubMed:15048703). Detected on monocyte- derived dendritic cells (at protein level) (PubMed:16352806). Detected at low levels in spleen, placenta, liver (PubMed:9502422). Expressed by activated T-cells, B-cells, monocytes and thymic epithelial cells (PubMed:7760007). Isoform 1 and isoform 3 are detected in vein and artery endothelial cells, astrocytes, keratinocytes and artery smooth muscle cells (PubMed:15496415). Expressed by neurons in the brain Restricted expression in tumor cell lines. Detected in highly metastasizing melanoma cell lines (PubMed:9502422)

# **ALCAM Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## **ALCAM Antibody - Images**

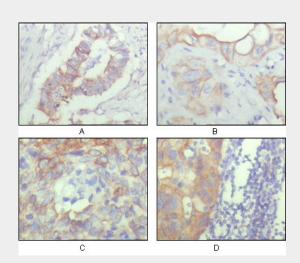


Figure 1: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human ovary carcinoma (A), kidney carcinoma (B), lung carcinoma (C) and breast carcinoma (D), showing cytoplasmic and membrane localization with DAB staining using ALCAM mouse mAb.

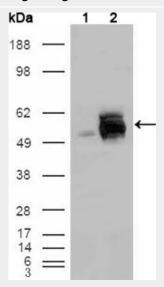


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using FRK mouse mAb against HEK293T cells transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (1) and pCMV6-ENTRY FRK cDNA (2).

# **ALCAM Antibody - References**

1. Prostate. 2003 Jan 1;54(1):34-43. 2. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2003 Jul;88(7):3437-43. 3. J Cell Sci. 2004 Jun 1;117(Pt 13):2841-52. 4. Med Sci Monit. 2006 Aug;12(8):BR263-73.