

**LPL Antibody**  
**Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AO1272a****Specification**

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**LPL Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P06858</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	53.1kDa KDa

**Description**

LPL: lipoprotein lipase, also known as LIPD, HDLCQ11. Entrez Protein: NP\_000228. It is expressed in heart, muscle, and adipose tissue. LPL functions as a homodimer, and has the dual functions of triglyceride hydrolase and ligand/bridging factor for receptor-mediated lipoprotein uptake. Severe mutations that cause LPL deficiency result in type I hyperlipoproteinemia, while less extreme mutations in LPL are linked to many disorders of lipoprotein metabolism.

**Immunogen**

Purified recombinant fragment of LPL expressed in E. Coli.

**Formulation**

Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

**LPL Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4023

**Other Names**

Lipoprotein lipase, LPL, 3.1.1.34, LPL, LIPD

**Dilution**

WB~~1/500 - 1/2000

E~~N/A

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

LPL Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**LPL Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** LPL

## Synonyms LIPD

### Function

Key enzyme in triglyceride metabolism. Catalyzes the hydrolysis of triglycerides from circulating chylomicrons and very low density lipoproteins (VLDL), and thereby plays an important role in lipid clearance from the blood stream, lipid utilization and storage (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11342582" target="\_blank">11342582</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27578112" target="\_blank">27578112</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8675619" target="\_blank">8675619</a>). Although it has both phospholipase and triglyceride lipase activities it is primarily a triglyceride lipase with low but detectable phospholipase activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12032167" target="\_blank">12032167</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7592706" target="\_blank">7592706</a>). Mediates margination of triglyceride-rich lipoprotein particles in capillaries (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24726386" target="\_blank">24726386</a>). Recruited to its site of action on the luminal surface of vascular endothelium by binding to GPIHBP1 and cell surface heparan sulfate proteoglycans (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11342582" target="\_blank">11342582</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27811232" target="\_blank">27811232</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11151}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11151}; Extracellular side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11151}. Secreted. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Note=Newly synthesized LPL binds to cell surface heparan proteoglycans and is then released by heparanase. Subsequently, it becomes attached to heparan proteoglycan on endothelial cells (PubMed:27811232). Locates to the plasma membrane of microvilli of hepatocytes with triglyceride-rich lipoproteins (TRL). Some of the bound LPL is then internalized and located inside non-coated endocytic vesicles (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11151, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27811232}

### Tissue Location

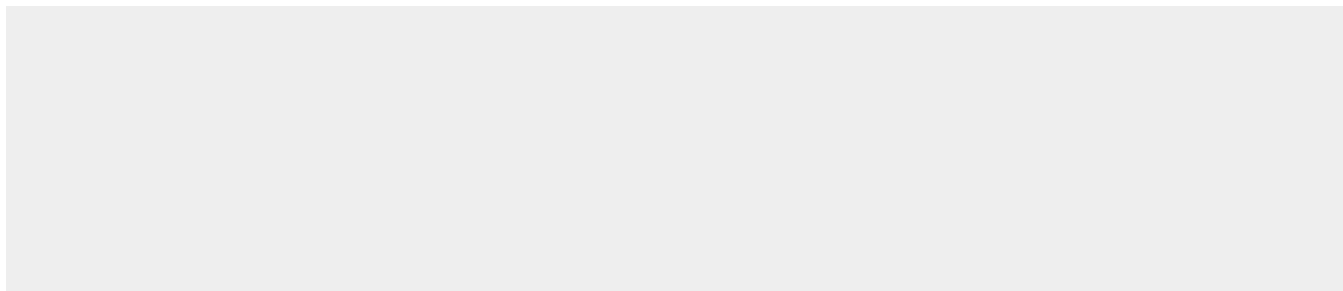
Detected in blood plasma (PubMed:11893776, PubMed:12641539, PubMed:2340307). Detected in milk (at protein level) (PubMed:2340307).

## LPL Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## LPL Antibody - Images



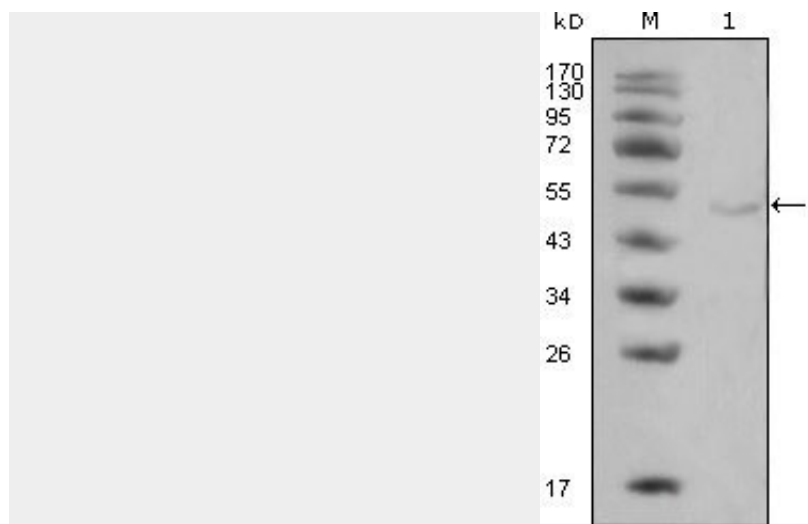


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using LPL mouse mAb against Hela cell lysate (1).

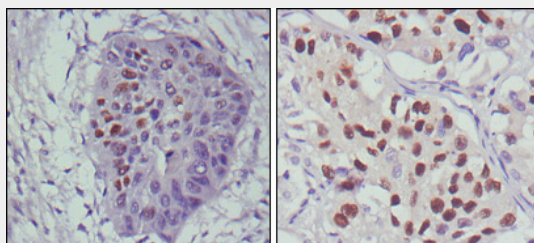


Figure 2: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human esophageal cancer (left) and lung cancer (right), showing nuclear localization using p53 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

#### LPL Antibody - References

1. Obesity (Silver Spring). 2008 Jan;16(1):199-201.
2. Hum Mutat. 2009 Jan;30(1):49-55.