

**DCX Antibody**  
**Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AO1731a****Specification****DCX Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O43602</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	49.3kDa KDa

**Description**

This gene encodes a member of the doublecortin family. The protein encoded by this gene is a cytoplasmic protein and contains two doublecortin domains, which bind microtubules. In the developing cortex, cortical neurons must migrate over long distances to reach the site of their final differentiation. The encoded protein appears to direct neuronal migration by regulating the organization and stability of microtubules. In addition, the encoded protein interacts with LIS1, the regulatory gamma subunit of platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase, and this interaction is important to proper microtubule function in the developing cortex. Mutations in this gene cause abnormal migration of neurons during development and disrupt the layering of the cortex, leading to epilepsy, mental retardation, subcortical band heterotopia ("double cortex" syndrome) in females and lissencephaly ("smooth brain" syndrome) in males. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

**Immunogen**

Purified recombinant fragment of human DCX (AA: 362-411) expressed in E. Coli. <br /> <br />

**Formulation**

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

**DCX Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1641

**Other Names**

Neuronal migration protein doublecortin, Dublin, Lissencephalin-X, Lis-X, DCX, DBCN, LISX

**Dilution**

WB~~1/500 - 1/2000  
IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000  
FC~~1/200 - 1/400  
ICC~~N/A  
E~~1/10000

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

DCX Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**DCX Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** DCX

**Synonyms** DBCN, LISX

**Function**

Microtubule-associated protein required for initial steps of neuronal dispersion and cortex lamination during cerebral cortex development. May act by competing with the putative neuronal protein kinase DCLK1 in binding to a target protein. May in that way participate in a signaling pathway that is crucial for neuronal interaction before and during migration, possibly as part of a calcium ion-dependent signal transduction pathway. May be part with PAFAH1B1/LIS-1 of overlapping, but distinct, signaling pathways that promote neuronal migration.

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Cell projection, neuron projection {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9ESI7}. Note=Localizes at neurite tips. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9ESI7}

**Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in neuronal cells of fetal brain (in the majority of cells of the cortical plate, intermediate zone and ventricular zone), but not expressed in other fetal tissues. In the adult, highly expressed in the brain frontal lobe, but very low expression in other regions of brain, and not detected in heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscles, kidney and pancreas

**DCX Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

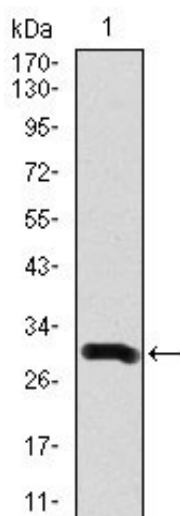
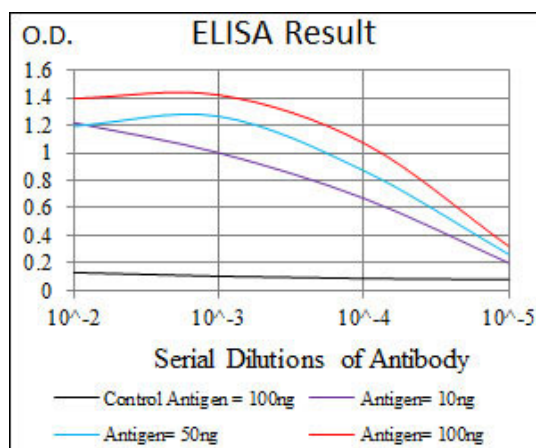


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using DCX mAb against human DCX recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 34.1 kDa)

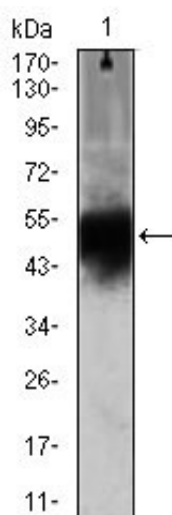


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using DCX mouse mAb against Mouse heart (1) lysate.

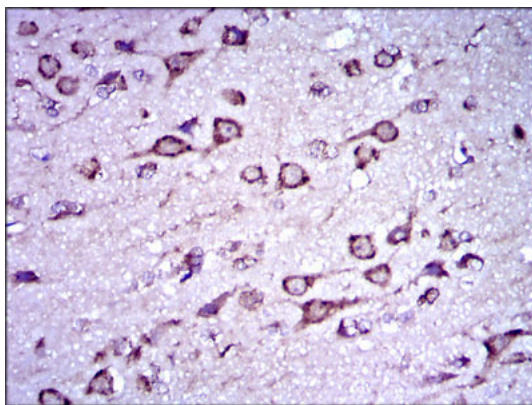


Figure 3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded brain tissue tissues using DCX mouse mAb with DAB staining.

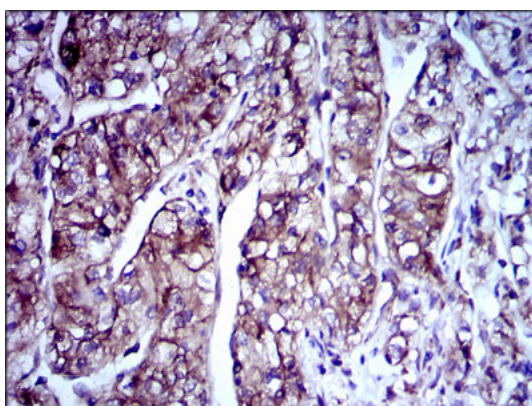


Figure 4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded kidney cancer tissues using DCX mouse mAb with DAB staining.

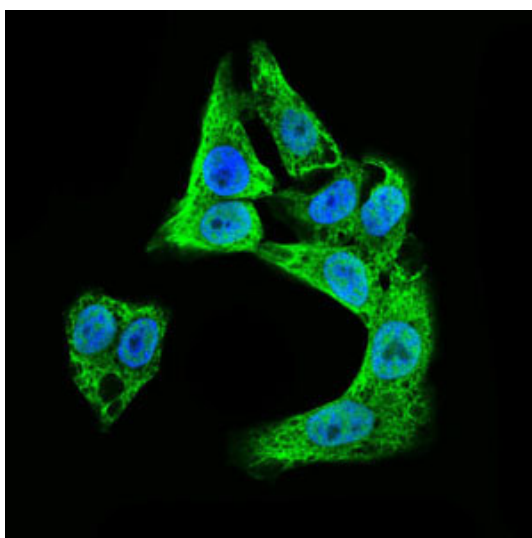


Figure 5: Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using DCX mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.

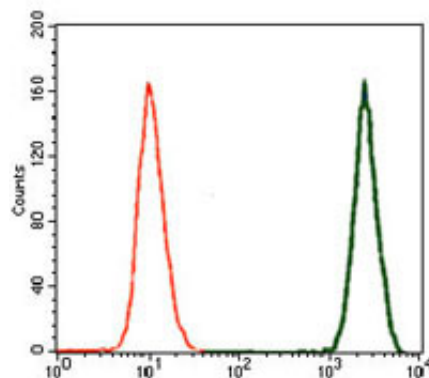


Figure 6: Flow cytometric analysis of SK-N-SH cells using DCX mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

#### DCX Antibody - References

1.FASEB J. 2009 Dec;23(12):4276-87. 2.J Cell Biol. 2010 Nov 1;191(3):463-70.