

ABCB1 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1888a

Specification

ABCB1 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW **Description** WB, E <u>P08183</u> Human Mouse Monoclonal IgG1 141.5kDa KDa

The membrane-associated protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extraand intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MDR/TAP subfamily. Members of the MDR/TAP subfamily are involved in multidrug resistance. The protein encoded by this gene is an ATP-dependent drug efflux pump for xenobiotic compounds with broad substrate specificity. It is responsible for decreased drug accumulation in multidrug-resistant cells and often mediates the development of resistance to anticancer drugs. This protein also functions as a transporter in the blood-brain barrier.

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of human ABCB1 (AA: 632-693) expressed in E. Coli.

Formulation Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

ABCB1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 5243

Other Names Multidrug resistance protein 1, 3.6.3.44, ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 1, P-glycoprotein 1, CD243, ABCB1, MDR1, PGY1

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 E~~1/10000

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliguots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ABCB1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



ABCB1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name ABCB1 (<u>HGNC:40</u>)

Synonyms MDR1, PGY1

Function

Translocates drugs and phospholipids across the membrane (PubMed: 2897240, PubMed:35970996, PubMed:8898203, PubMed:9038218, PubMed:9038218, PubMed:35507548, PubMed:35507548). Catalyzes the flop of phospholipids from the cytoplasmic to the exoplasmic leaflet of the apical membrane. Participates mainly to the flop of phosphatidylcholine, phosphatidylethanolamine,

beta-D-glucosylceramides and sphingomyelins (PubMed:8898203). Energy-dependent efflux pump responsible for decreased drug accumulation in multidrug-resistant cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2897240"

target="_blank">2897240, PubMed:35970996, PubMed:9038218).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00441} Apical cell membrane. Cytoplasm Note=ABCB1 localization is influenced by C1orf115 expression levels (plasma membrane versus cytoplasm). Localized to the apical membrane of enterocytes (PubMed:28408210).

Tissue Location

Expressed in small intestine (PubMed:28408210). Expressed in liver, kidney and brain.

ABCB1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>



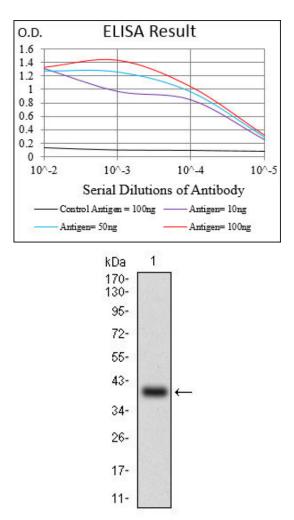


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using ABCB1 mAb against human ABCB1 (AA: 632-693) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 32.4 kDa)

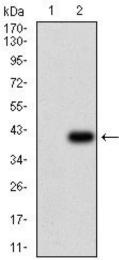


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using ABCB1 mAb against HEK293 (1) and ABCB1 (AA: 632-693)-hlgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

ABCB1 Antibody - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is the receptor for colony stimulating factor 1, a cytokine which



controls the production, differentiation, and function of macrophages. This receptor mediates most if not all of the biological effects of this cytokine. Ligand binding activates the receptor kinase through a process of oligomerization and transphosphorylation. The encoded protein is a tyrosine kinase transmembrane receptor and member of the CSF1/PDGF receptor family of tyrosine-protein kinases. Mutations in this gene have been associated with a predisposition to myeloid malignancy. The first intron of this gene contains a transcriptionally inactive ribosomal protein L7 processed pseudogene oriented in the opposite direction. ; ; ; ;

ABCB1 Antibody - References

1. Pharmacol Rep. 2012;64(6):1560-6. 2. J Cancer Res Ther. 2012 Apr-Jun;8(2):226-31.