

PTPRC Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1889a

Specification

PTPRC Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW **Description** WB, IHC, E <u>P08575</u> Human Mouse Monoclonal IgG1 147.3kDa KDa

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitosis, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP contains an extracellular domain, a single transmembrane segment and two tandem intracytoplasmic catalytic domains, and thus is classified as a receptor type PTP. This PTP has been shown to be an essential regulator of T- and B-cell antigen receptor signaling. It functions through either direct interaction with components of the antigen receptor complexes, or by activating various Src family kinases required for the antigen receptor signaling. This PTP also suppresses JAK kinases, and thus functions as a regulator of cytokine receptor signaling. Alternatively spliced transcripts variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been reported.

Immunogen

Purified recombinant fragment of human PTPRC (AA: 928-989) expressed in E. Coli.

Formulation

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

PTPRC Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 5788

Other Names Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase C, 3.1.3.48, Leukocyte common antigen, L-CA, T200, CD45, PTPRC, CD45

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 E~~1/10000

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions



PTPRC Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PTPRC Antibody - Protein Information

Name PTPRC (HGNC:9666)

Synonyms CD45

Function

Protein tyrosine-protein phosphatase required for T-cell activation through the antigen receptor (PubMed:35767951). Acts as a positive regulator of T-cell coactivation upon binding to DPP4. The first PTPase domain has enzymatic activity, while the second one seems to affect the substrate specificity of the first one. Upon T-cell activation, recruits and dephosphorylates SKAP1 and FYN. Dephosphorylates LYN, and thereby modulates LYN activity (By similarity). Interacts with CLEC10A at antigen presenting cell-T cell contact; CLEC10A on immature dendritic cells recognizes Tn antigen- carrying PTPRC/CD45 receptor on effector T cells and modulates T cell activation threshold to limit autoreactivity.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Membrane raft. Synapse. Note=Colocalized with DPP4 in membrane rafts.

Tissue Location

Isoform 1: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 2: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 3: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 4: Not detected in thymocytes. Isoform 5: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 6: Not detected in thymocytes. Isoform 7: Detected in thymocytes Isoform 8: Not detected in thymocytes.

PTPRC Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>



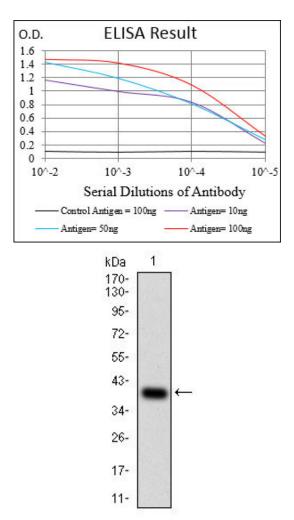


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using PTPRC mAb against human PTPRC (AA: 928-989) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 33 kDa)

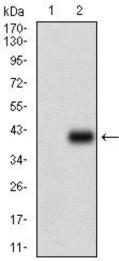


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using PTPRC mAb against HEK293 (1) and PTPRC (AA: 928-989)-hlgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.



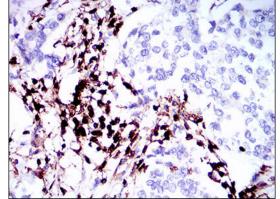


Figure 3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded breast cancer tissues using PTPRC mouse mAb with DAB staining.

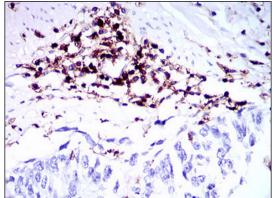


Figure 4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded esophageal cancer tissues using PTPRC mouse mAb with DAB staining.

PTPRC Antibody - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a surface antigen that is preferentially expressed on monocytes/macrophages. It cooperates with other proteins to mediate the innate immune response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein. ; ;

PTPRC Antibody - References

1. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2012 Mar 23;419(4):708-14. 2. Blood. 2009 Jun 4;113(23):5905-10.