

**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to DNMT1**  
**Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AO2326a****Specification**

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**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to DNMT1 - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB, E</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P26358</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Mouse</b>
Clonality	<b>Monoclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>Mouse IgG1</b>
Calculated MW	<b>183.2kDa KDa</b>

**Description**

DNA (cytosine-5-)-methyltransferase 1 has a role in the establishment and regulation of tissue-specific patterns of methylated cytosine residues. Aberrant methylation patterns are associated with certain human tumors and developmental abnormalities. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.;

**Immunogen**

Purified recombinant fragment of human DNMT1 (AA: 1317-1616) expressed in E. Coli.

**Formulation**

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

**Application Note**

ELISA: 1/10000; WB: 1/500 - 1/2000;

**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to DNMT1 - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1786

**Other Names**

AIM; DNMT; MCMT; CXXC9; HSN1E; ADCADN

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~N/A

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to DNMT1 is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to DNMT1 - Protein Information**

**Name** DNMT1 {ECO:0000303|Ref.3, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:2976}

### Function

DNA methyltransferase that methylates CpG residues (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17200670" target="\_blank">17200670</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18754681" target="\_blank">18754681</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21745816" target="\_blank">21745816</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26070743" target="\_blank">26070743</a>). Preferentially methylates hemimethylated DNA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21745816" target="\_blank">21745816</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26070743" target="\_blank">26070743</a>). Associates with DNA replication sites in S phase maintaining the methylation pattern in the newly synthesized strand, that is essential for epigenetic inheritance (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17200670" target="\_blank">17200670</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21745816" target="\_blank">21745816</a>). Associates with chromatin during G2 and M phases to maintain DNA methylation independently of replication (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21745816" target="\_blank">21745816</a>). It is responsible for maintaining methylation patterns established in development (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21745816" target="\_blank">21745816</a>). DNA methylation is coordinated with methylation of histones (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16357870" target="\_blank">16357870</a>). Mediates transcriptional repression by direct binding to HDAC2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10888872" target="\_blank">10888872</a>). In association with DNMT3B and via the recruitment of CTCFL/BORIS, involved in activation of BAG1 gene expression by modulating dimethylation of promoter histone H3 at H3K4 and H3K9 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18413740" target="\_blank">18413740</a>). Probably forms a corepressor complex required for activated KRAS-mediated promoter hypermethylation and transcriptional silencing of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) or other tumor-related genes in colorectal cancer (CRC) cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24623306" target="\_blank">24623306</a>). Also required to maintain a transcriptionally repressive state of genes in undifferentiated embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24623306" target="\_blank">24623306</a>). Associates at promoter regions of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) leading to their gene silencing (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24623306" target="\_blank">24623306</a>).

### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome Note=Associates with replication foci during S-phase: recruited to hemimethylated DNA sites via its RFTS domain, which specifically recognizes and binds histone H3 ubiquitinated at 'Lys-14', 'Lys-18' and 'Lys-23' (H3K14ub, H3K18ub and H3K23ub, respectively) (PubMed:29053958). Localized to the perinucleolar region (PubMed:24492612).

### Tissue Location

Ubiquitous; highly expressed in fetal tissues, heart, kidney, placenta, peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and expressed at lower levels in spleen, lung, brain, small intestine, colon, liver, and skeletal muscle. Isoform 2 is less expressed than isoform 1.

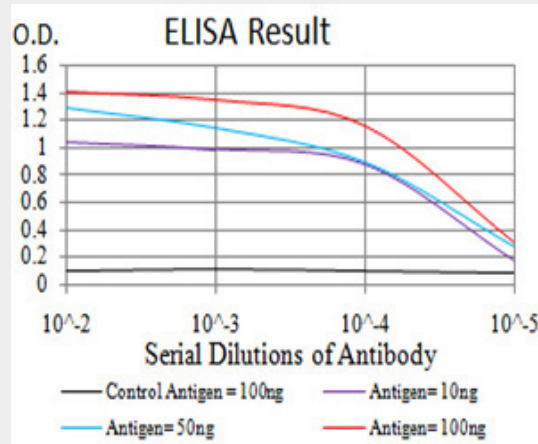
### Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to DNMT1 - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

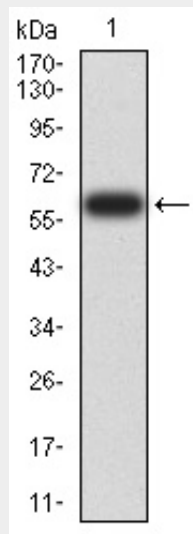
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)

- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

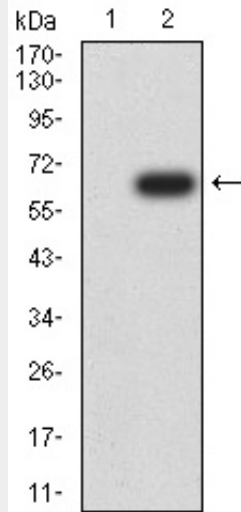
**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to DNMT1 - Images**



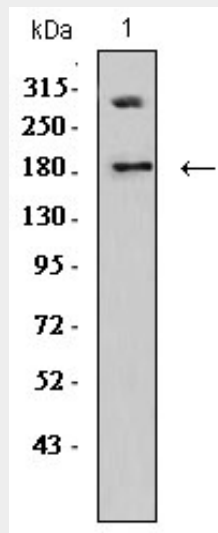
Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng); Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line: Antigen (100 ng)



Western blot analysis using DNMT1 mAb against human DNMT1 (AA: 1317-1616) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 59.3 kDa)



Western blot analysis using DNMT1 mAb against HEK293 (1) and DNMT1 (AA: 1317-1616)-hlgGfC transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.



Western blot analysis using DNMT1 mouse mAb against Jurkat (1) cell lysate.

### Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to DNMT1 - References

1. J Biol Chem. 2013 Jul 5;288(27):19673-84. ; 2. Int J Oncol. 2013 Jul;43(1):228-36.;