

#### **GRIA2**

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2571a

# **Specification**

#### **GRIA2 - Product Information**

Application E, WB, FCM
Primary Accession P42262
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype Mouse IgG2b
Calculated MW 99kDa KDa

**Immunogen** 

Purified recombinant fragment of human GRIA2 (AA: 35-175) expressed in E. Coli.

#### **Formulation**

Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

#### **GRIA2 - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 2891

**Other Names** 

GLUR2; GLURB; GluA2; HBGR2; GluR-K2

**Dilution** 

E~~ 1/10000

WB~~ 1/500 - 1/2000 FCM~~1/200 - 1/400

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

GRIA2 is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **GRIA2 - Protein Information**

Name GRIA2 (HGNC:4572)

**Synonyms GLUR2** 

### **Function**

Receptor for glutamate that functions as a ligand-gated ion channel in the central nervous system (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31300657" target="\_blank">31300657</a>).



It plays an important role in excitatory synaptic transmission. L-glutamate acts as an excitatory neurotransmitter at many synapses in the central nervous system. Binding of the excitatory neurotransmitter L-glutamate induces a conformation change, leading to the opening of the cation channel, and thereby converts the chemical signal to an electrical impulse. The receptor then desensitizes rapidly and enters a transient inactive state, characterized by the presence of bound agonist. In the presence of CACNG4 or CACNG7 or CACNG8, shows resensitization which is characterized by a delayed accumulation of current flux upon continued application of glutamate. Through complex formation with NSG1, GRIP1 and STX12 controls the intracellular fate of AMPAR and the endosomal sorting of the GRIA2 subunit toward recycling and membrane targeting (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Postsynaptic density membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23819}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23819}. Note=Interaction with CACNG2, CNIH2 and CNIH3 promotes cell surface expression (By similarity). Displays a somatodendritic localization and is excluded from axons in neurons (By similarity). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23819}

#### **GRIA2 - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## **GRIA2 - Images**

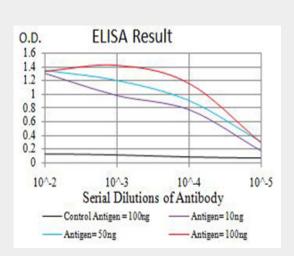


Figure 1:Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng); Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line: Antigen (100 ng)



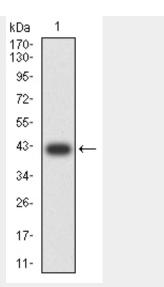


Figure 2:Western blot analysis using GRIA2 mAb against human GRIA2 (AA: 35-175) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 41.9 kDa)

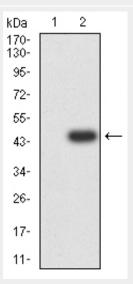


Figure 3:Western blot analysis using GRIA2 mAb against HEK293 (1) and GRIA2 (AA: 35-175)-hlgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

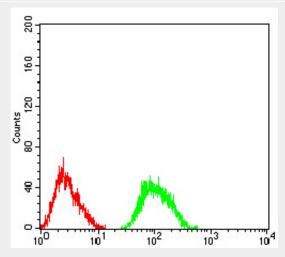


Figure 4:Flow cytometric analysis of SK-N-SH cells using GRIA2 mouse mAb (green) and negative





control (red).

# **GRIA2 - References**

1.Histopathology. 2014 Jul;65(1):71-80.2.Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2011 Jan 4;108(1):367-72.