

BATF

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2629a

## Specification

## **BATF - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, ICC, E **Primary Accession** 016520 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype Mouse IgG1 Calculated MW 14.1kDa KDa Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of human BATF (AA:1-126) expressed in E. Coli.

**Formulation** Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

## **BATF - Additional Information**

Gene ID 10538

Other Names SFA2; B-ATF; BATF1; SFA-2

Dilution WB~~ 1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1:100~500 ICC~~N/A E~~ 1/10000

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

BATF is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **BATF - Protein Information**

Name BATF

Function

AP-1 family transcription factor that controls the differentiation of lineage-specific cells in the immune system: specifically mediates the differentiation of T-helper 17 cells (Th17), follicular T-helper cells (TfH), CD8(+) dendritic cells and class- switch recombination (CSR) in B-cells. Acts



via the formation of a heterodimer with JUNB that recognizes and binds DNA sequence 5'-TGA[CG]TCA-3'. The BATF-JUNB heterodimer also forms a complex with IRF4 (or IRF8) in immune cells, leading to recognition of AICE sequence (5'- TGAnTCA/GAAA-3'), an immune-specific regulatory element, followed by cooperative binding of BATF and IRF4 (or IRF8) and activation of genes. Controls differentiation of T-helper cells producing interleukin-17 (Th17 cells) by binding to Th17-associated gene promoters: regulates expression of the transcription factor RORC itself and RORC target genes such as IL17 (IL17A or IL17B). Also involved in differentiation of follicular T-helper cells (TfH) by directing expression of BCL6 and MAF. In B-cells, involved in class-switch recombination (CSR) by controlling the expression of both AICDA and of germline transcripts of the intervening heavy-chain region and constant heavy-chain region (I(H)-C(H)). Following infection, can participate in CD8(+) dendritic cell differentiation via interaction with IRF4 and IRF8 to mediate cooperative gene activation. Regulates effector CD8(+) T-cell differentiation by regulating expression of SIRT1. Following DNA damage, part of a differentiation checkpoint that limits self-renewal of hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs): up-regulated by STAT3, leading to differentiation of HSCs, thereby restricting self-renewal of HSCs (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00978}. Cytoplasm. Note=Present in the nucleus and cytoplasm, but shows increased nuclear translocation after activation of T-cells

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed at highest levels in lung, and at lower levels in placenta, liver, kidney, spleen, and peripheral blood Detected in SW480 colorectal cancer cell line and several hematopoietic tumor cell lines, including Raji Burkitt's lymphoma. Strongly expressed in mature B- and T-lymphocytes. Also expressed in moderate levels in lymph node and appendix and at low levels in thymus and bone marrow (PubMed:10777209).

### **BATF - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

BATF - Images





Figure 1:Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng);Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line:Antigen (100 ng)



Figure 2:Western blot analysis using BATF mAb against human BATF (AA: 1-126) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 40.1 kDa)



Figure 3:Western blot analysis using BATF mAb against HEK293 (1) and BATF (AA: 1-126)-hlgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.



# **BATF - References**

1.J Clin Invest. 2013 Nov;123(11):4641-53.2.J Immunol. 2003 Mar 1;170(5):2417-26.