

### **MME Antibody (Center)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP10192c

# **Specification**

### **MME Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession P08473

Other Accession NP 009218.2, NP 000893.2, NP 009219.2,

NP\_009220.2

Reactivity Human, Mouse Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG Antigen Region 721-747

## **MME Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**

### **Gene ID 4311**

### **Other Names**

Neprilysin, Atriopeptidase, Common acute lymphocytic leukemia antigen, CALLA, Enkephalinase, Neutral endopeptidase 2411, NEP, Neutral endopeptidase, Skin fibroblast elastase, SFE, CD10, MME, EPN

## Target/Specificity

This MME antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 721-747 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human MME.

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

MME Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **MME Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**



Name MME {ECO:0000303|PubMed:27588448, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:7154}

**Function** Thermolysin-like specificity, but is almost confined on acting on polypeptides of up to 30 amino acids (PubMed:15283675, PubMed:6208535, PubMed:6349683, PubMed:8168535). Biologically important in the destruction of opioid peptides such as Met- and Leu-enkephalins by cleavage of a Gly-Phe bond (PubMed:17101991, PubMed:6349683). Catalyzes cleavage of bradykinin, substance P and neurotensin peptides (PubMed:6208535). Able to cleave angiotensin-1, angiotensin-2 and angiotensin 1-9 (PubMed:15283675, PubMed:6349683). Involved in the degradation of atrial natriuretic factor (ANF) and brain natriuretic factor (BNP(1-32)) (PubMed:16254193, PubMed:2531377, PubMed:2972276). Displays UV-inducible elastase activity toward skin preelastic and elastic fibers (PubMed:20876573).

#### **Cellular Location**

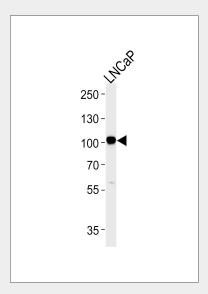
Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein

## **MME Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

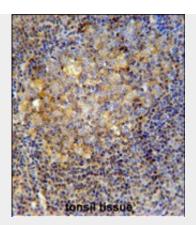
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## MME Antibody (Center) - Images



MME Antibody (C-term) (Cat.# AP10192c) western blot analysis in LNCaP cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MME antibody detected the MME protein (arrow).





MME Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP10192c) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the MME Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

# MME Antibody (Center) - Background

This gene encodes a common acute lymphocytic leukemia antigen that is an important cell surface marker in the diagnosis of human acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL). This protein is present on leukemic cells of pre-B phenotype, which represent 85% of cases of ALL. This protein is not restricted to leukemic cells, however, and is found on a variety of normal tissues. It is a glycoprotein that is particularly abundant in kidney, where it is present on the brush border of proximal tubules and on glomerular epithelium. The protein is a neutral endopeptidase that cleaves peptides at the amino side of hydrophobic residues and inactivates several peptide hormones including glucagon, enkephalins, substance P, neurotensin, oxytocin, and bradykinin. This gene, which encodes a 100-kD type II transmembrane glycoprotein, exists in a single copy of greater than 45 kb. The 5' untranslated region of this gene is alternatively spliced, resulting in four separate mRNA transcripts. The coding region is not affected by alternative splicing. [provided by RefSeq].

## **MME Antibody (Center) - References**

Wang, S., et al. J. Neurochem. 115(1):47-57(2010) Ikenaga, N., et al. Gastroenterology 139(3):1041-1051(2010) Kim, H.S., et al. Histopathology 56(6):708-719(2010) Toussaint, J., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (8) (2010): Cui, L., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (8), E12121 (2010):