

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP10499a

Specification

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	IHC-P, WB,E
Primary Accession	Q92572
Other Accession	Q9DCR2 , Q2YDH6 , NP_001275.1
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	21732
Antigen Region	1-30

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 1176

Other Names

AP-3 complex subunit sigma-1, AP-3 complex subunit sigma-3A, Adaptor-related protein complex 3 subunit sigma-1, Clathrin-associated/assembly/adaptor protein, small 3, Sigma-3A-adaptin, Sigma3A-adaptin, Sigma-adaptin 3a, AP3S1, CLAPS3

Target/Specificity

This AP3S1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human AP3S1.

Dilution

IHC-P~~1:50~100

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name AP3S1

Synonyms CLAPS3

Function Part of the AP-3 complex, an adaptor-related complex which is not clathrin-associated. The complex is associated with the Golgi region as well as more peripheral structures. It facilitates the budding of vesicles from the Golgi membrane and may be directly involved in trafficking to lysosomes. In concert with the BLOC-1 complex, AP-3 is required to target cargos into vesicles assembled at cell bodies for delivery into neurites and nerve terminals.

Cellular Location

Golgi apparatus. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Component of the coat surrounding the cytoplasmic face of coated vesicles located at the Golgi complex

Tissue Location

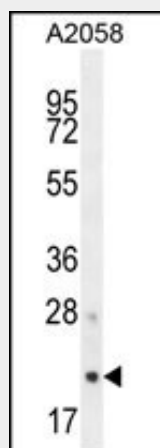
Present in all adult tissues examined.

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

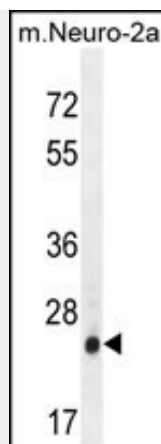
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

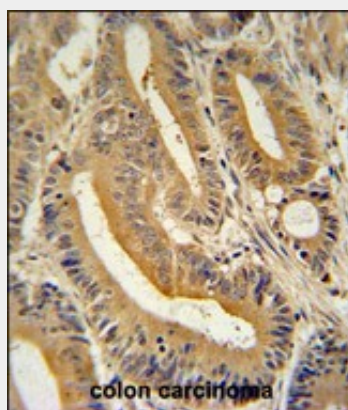
AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) - Images



AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP10499a) western blot analysis in A2058 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the AP3S1 antibody detected the AP3S1 protein (arrow).



AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP10499a) western blot analysis in mouse Neuro-2a cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the AP3S1 antibody detected the AP3S1 protein (arrow).



AP3S1 antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP10499a) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the AP3S1 antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Part of the AP-3 complex, an adapter-related complex which is not clathrin-associated. The complex is associated with the Golgi region as well as more peripheral structures. It facilitates the budding of vesicles from the Golgi membrane and may be directly involved in trafficking to lysosomes.

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :
Zhou, J.B., et al. Med. Sci. Monit. 16 (6), BR179-BR183 (2010) :
Lefrancois, S., et al. Dev. Cell 7(4):619-625(2004)
Salazar, G., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 15(2):575-587(2004)
Nie, Z., et al. Dev. Cell 5(3):513-521(2003)

AP3S1 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- [Functional analysis and validation of oncodrive gene AP3S1 in ovarian cancer through filtering of mutation data from whole-exome sequencing](#)