

COX10 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP10714b

Specification

COX10 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession	FC, IHC-P, WB,E <u>012887</u>
Other Accession	<u>NP_001294.2</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	48910
Antigen Region	383-410

COX10 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 1352

Other Names Protoheme IX farnesyltransferase, mitochondrial, 251-, Heme O synthase, COX10

Target/Specificity This COX10 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 383-410 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human COX10.

Dilution $FC \sim 1:10 \sim 50$ $IHC-P \sim 1:50 \sim 100$ $WB \sim 1:1000$ $E \sim -Use$ at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

COX10 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

COX10 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name COX10



Function Converts protoheme IX and farnesyl diphosphate to heme O.

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

COX10 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- <u>Flow Cytomety</u>
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

COX10 Antibody (C-term) - Images



COX10 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP10714b) western blot analysis in CEM cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the COX10 antibody detected the COX10 protein (arrow).



COX10 antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP10714b) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human skeletal muscle followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the COX10 antibody (C-term) for



immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



COX10 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP10714b) flow cytometric analysis of CEM cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

COX10 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Cytochrome c oxidase (COX), the terminal component of the mitochondrial respiratory chain, catalyzes the electron transfer from reduced cytochrome c to oxygen. This component is a heteromeric complex consisting of 3 catalytic subunits encoded by mitochondrial genes and multiple structural subunits encoded by nuclear genes. The mitochondrially-encoded subunits function in electron transfer, and the nuclear-encoded subunits may function in the regulation and assembly of the complex. This nuclear gene encodes heme A:farnesyltransferase, which is not a structural subunit but required for the expression of functional COX and functions in the maturation of the heme A prosthetic group of COX. This protein is predicted to contain 7-9 transmembrane domains localized in the mitochondrial inner membrane. A gene mutation, which results in the substitution of a lysine for an asparagine (N204K), is identified to be responsible for cytochrome c oxidase deficiency. In addition, this gene is disrupted in patients with CMT1A (Charcot-Marie-Tooth type 1A) duplication and with HNPP (hereditary neuropathy with liability to pressure palsies) deletion.

COX10 Antibody (C-term) - References

Chen, Z., et al. Oncogene 29(30):4362-4368(2010) Vitali, M., et al. J Neural Transm 116(12):1635-1641(2009) Dassa, E.P., et al. EMBO Mol Med 1(1):30-36(2009) Veluthakal, R., et al. Diabetes 56(1):204-210(2007) Coenen, M.J., et al. Ann. Neurol. 56(4):560-564(2004)