

HDAC11 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP1111b

Specification

HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Antigen Region WB, IHC-P,E <u>Q96DB2</u> Human, Mouse Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 313-345

HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 79885

Other Names Histone deacetylase 11, HD11, HDAC11

Target/Specificity This HDAC11 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 313-345 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human HDAC11.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name HDAC11

Function Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and



plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes.

Cellular Location Nucleus.

Tissue Location

Weakly expressed in most tissues. Strongly expressed in brain, heart, skeletal muscle, kidney and testis

HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) - Images



The anti-HDAC11 Pab (Cat. #AP1111b) is used in Western blot to detect HDAC11 in mouse brain tissue lysate.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human testicle tumor tissue reacted with HDAC11 antibody (C-term)(Cat.#AP1111b), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) - Background

HDAC11 is responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. The predominantly nuclear HDAC11, which interacts with HDAC6, is weakly expressed in most tissues, and strongly expressed in brain, heart, skeletal muscle, kidney and testis. Its activity is inhibited by trapoxin, a known histone deacetylase inhibitor.

HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) - References

Keedy, K.S. et al. J Virol. May; 83(10): 4749?756(2009). Voelter-Mahlknecht S, et al., Int J Mol Med. 2005 Oct;16(4):589-98. Bradbury CA, et al., Leukemia. 2005 Oct;19(10):1751-9. Gregoretti IV, et al., J Mol Biol. 2004 Apr 16;338(1):17-31. Gao, L., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(28):25748-25755 (2002). HDAC11 Antibody (C-term) - Citations

- The functional interactome landscape of the human histone deacetylase family.
 - A limited group of class I histone deacetylases acts to repress human immunodeficiency virus type 1 expression.