

### OR10G2 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP11343a

### **Specification**

### OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q8NGC3

Other Accession NP 001005466.1

Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Rabbit
Rabbit
34297
68-95

### OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

**Gene ID 26534** 

### **Other Names**

Olfactory receptor 10G2, OR10G2

#### Target/Specificity

This OR10G2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 68-95 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human OR10G2.

# **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name OR10G2

Function Odorant receptor.



#### **Cellular Location**

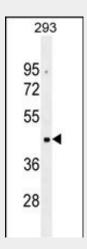
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

### OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) - Images



OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP11343a) western blot analysis in 293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR10G2 antibody detected the OR10G2 protein (arrow).

# OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

## OR10G2 Antibody (N-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004) Boysen, C., et al. Genome Res. 7(4):330-338(1997) Koop, B.F., et al. Genomics 19(3):478-493(1994)