

DCDC5 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP11508b

Specification

DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P,E Primary Accession Q6ZRR9

Other Accession XP 003118689.1

Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region

Human
Rabbit
Rabbit
Folyclonal
Rabbit IgG

DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Other Names

Doublecortin domain-containing protein 5, DCDC5, KIAA1493

Target/Specificity

This DCDC5 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 618-646 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human DCDC5.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

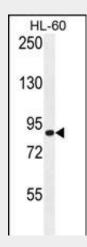
DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) - Images



DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP11508b) western blot analysis in HL-60 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the DCDC5 antibody detected the DCDC5 protein (arrow).



DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP11508b)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human stomach tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of DCDC5 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.