

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12274a

Specification

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q8NGD1

Other Accession NP 001004723.1

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 390429

Other Names

Olfactory receptor 4N2, Olfactory receptor OR14-13, Olfactory receptor OR14-8, OR4N2

Target/Specificity

This OR4N2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 68-96 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human OR4N2.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name OR4N2

Function Odorant receptor.



Cellular Location

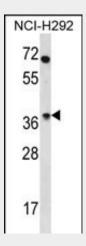
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) - Images



OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP12274a) western blot analysis in NCI-H292 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR4N2 antibody detected the OR4N2 protein (arrow).

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR4N2 Antibody (N-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)