

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12320a

Specification

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession O8NH21

Other Accession <u>Q96R69</u>, <u>Q8NGA8</u>, <u>NP 001005484.1</u>

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
34330
61-89

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 79501

Other Names

Olfactory receptor 4F5, OR4F5

Target/Specificity

This OR4F5 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 61-89 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human OR4F5.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name OR4F5

Function Odorant receptor.





Cellular Location

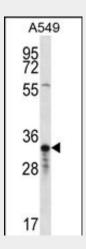
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) - Images



OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP12320a) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR4F5 antibody detected the OR4F5 protein (arrow).

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR4F5 Antibody (N-term) - References

Gregory, S.G., et al. Nature 441(7091):315-321(2006)