

COX7A2L Antibody (Center)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP12338c**Specification**

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application	IHC-P, WB,E
Primary Accession	O14548
Other Accession	NP_004709.2
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	12615
Antigen Region	37-65

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 9167**Other Names**

Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 7A-related protein, mitochondrial, COX7a-related protein,
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIIa-related protein, EB1, COX7A2L, COX7AR, COX7RP

Target/Specificity

This COX7A2L antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 37-65 amino acids from the Central region of human COX7A2L.

Dilution

IHC-P~~1:10~50

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**Name** COX7A2L {ECO:0000303|PubMed:27545886, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:2289}

Function Assembly factor that mediates the formation of some mitochondrial respiratory supercomplexes (respirasomes), thereby promoting oxidative phosphorylation and energy metabolism (PubMed:[27545886](#), PubMed:[30428348](#), PubMed:[33727070](#), PubMed:[36198313](#)). Acts as a molecular adapter that associates with both mitochondrial respiratory complexes III (CIII) and IV (CIV), promoting their association (PubMed:[27545886](#), PubMed:[36198313](#)). Mediates the formation of various mitochondrial respiratory supercomplexes, such as MCIII(2)IV(2), composed of two CIII and two CIV, and the CS-respirasome (MCI(1)III(2)IV(2)), composed of one CI, two CIII and two CIV (PubMed:[27545886](#), PubMed:[30428348](#)). Not involved in the formation of the canonical respirasome (MCI(1)III(2)IV(1)), composed of one CI, two CIII and one CIV (By similarity). The formation of different respirasomes is important for cell adaptation to oxygen conditions and prevent metabolic exhaustion: supercomplexes mediated by COX7A2L/SCAF1 are required to maintain oxidative phosphorylation upon low oxygen conditions and promote metabolic rewiring toward glycolysis (PubMed:[36198313](#)).

Cellular Location

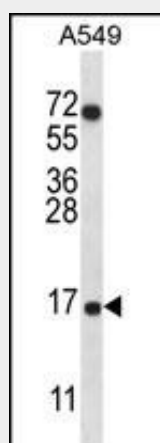
Mitochondrion inner membrane; Single-pass membrane protein
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q99KD6}

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) - Protocols

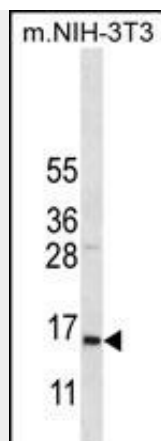
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

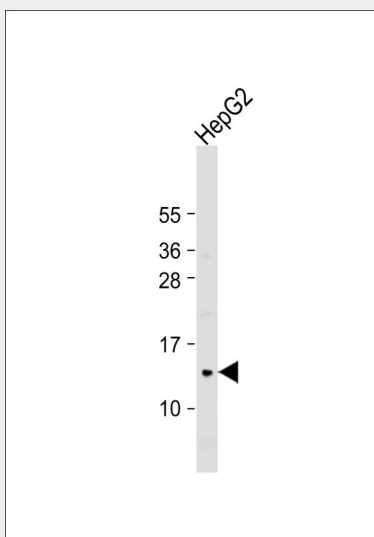
COX7A2L Antibody (Center) - Images



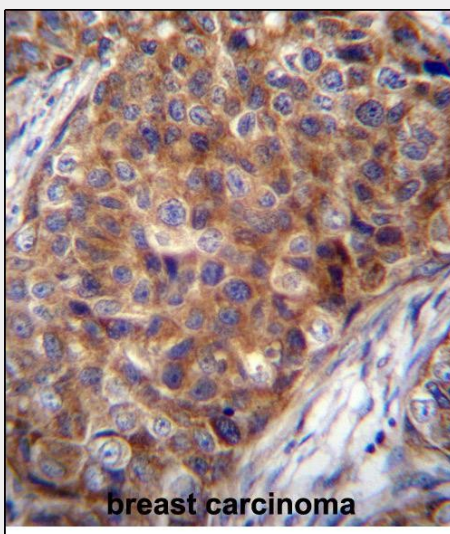
COX7A2L Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12338c) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the COX7A2L antibody detected the COX7A2L protein (arrow).



COX7A2L Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12338c) western blot analysis in mouse NIH-3T3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the COX7A2L antibody detected the COX7A2L protein (arrow).



Anti-COX7A2L Antibody (Center) at 1:1000 dilution + HepG2 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 13 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



COX7A2L Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP12338c) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of COX7A2L Antibody (Center) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) - Background

Cytochrome c oxidase (COX), the terminal component of the mitochondrial respiratory chain, catalyzes the electron transfer from reduced cytochrome c to oxygen. This component is a heteromeric complex consisting of 3 catalytic subunits encoded by mitochondrial genes and multiple structural subunits encoded by nuclear genes. The mitochondrially-encoded subunits function in electron transfer, and the nuclear-encoded subunits may function in the regulation and assembly of the complex. This nuclear gene encodes a protein similar to polypeptides 1 and 2 of subunit VIIa in the C-terminal region, and also highly similar to the mouse Sig81 protein sequence. This gene is expressed in all tissues, and upregulated in a breast cancer cell line after estrogen treatment. It is possible that this gene represents a regulatory subunit of COX and mediates the higher level of energy production in target cells by estrogen.

COX7A2L Antibody (Center) - References

Fornuskova, D., et al. Biochem. J. 428(3):363-374(2010)
Wheeler, H.E., et al. PLoS Genet. 5 (10), E1000685 (2009) :
Wang, L., et al. Cancer Epidemiol. Biomarkers Prev. 17(12):3558-3566(2008)
Schmidt, T.R., et al. J. Mol. Evol. 57(2):222-228(2003)
Lee, N., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 68(2):397-409(2001)