

## **OR52N5 Antibody (C-term)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12368b

### **Specification**

## **OR52N5 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q8NH56

Other Accession NP 001001922.2

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region
Reactivity
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
292-321

### **OR52N5** Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 390075

#### **Other Names**

Olfactory receptor 52N5, Olfactory receptor OR11-62, OR52N5

### Target/Specificity

This OR52N5 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 292-321 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human OR52N5.

# **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

OR52N5 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### OR52N5 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

### Name OR52N5

Function Odorant receptor.



#### **Cellular Location**

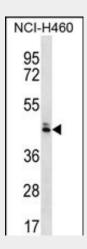
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

## **OR52N5 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# OR52N5 Antibody (C-term) - Images



OR52N5 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP12368b) western blot analysis in NCI-H460 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR52N5 antibody detected the OR52N5 protein (arrow).

### OR52N5 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

### OR52N5 Antibody (C-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)