

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12454a

Specification

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB.E **Primary Accession** 096FZ7 Other Accession NP 078867.2 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Antigen Region 1-30

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 79643

Other Names

Charged multivesicular body protein 6, Chromatin-modifying protein 6, Vacuolar protein sorting-associated protein 20, Vps20, hVps20, CHMP6, VPS20

Target/Specificity

This CHMP6 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human CHMP6.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name CHMP6

Synonyms VPS20



Function Probable core component of the endosomal sorting required for transport complex III (ESCRT-III) which is involved in multivesicular bodies (MVBs) formation and sorting of endosomal cargo proteins into MVBs. MVBs contain intraluminal vesicles (ILVs) that are generated by invagination and scission from the limiting membrane of the endosome and mostly are delivered to lysosomes enabling degradation of membrane proteins, such as stimulated growth factor receptors, lysosomal enzymes and lipids. The MVB pathway appears to require the sequential function of ESCRT-O, -I,-II and -III complexes. ESCRT-III proteins mostly dissociate from the invaginating membrane before the ILV is released. The ESCRT machinery also functions in topologically equivalent membrane fission events, such as the terminal stages of cytokinesis and the budding of enveloped viruses (HIV-1 and other lentiviruses). ESCRT-III proteins are believed to mediate the necessary vesicle extrusion and/or membrane fission activities, possibly in conjunction with the AAA ATPase VPS4. In the ESCRT-III complex, it probably serves as an acceptor for the ESCRT-II complex on endosomal membranes.

Cellular Location

Endomembrane system. Endosome membrane; Lipid- anchor. Late endosome membrane. Membrane; Lipid-anchor. Note=Localizes to endosomal membranes

Tissue Location

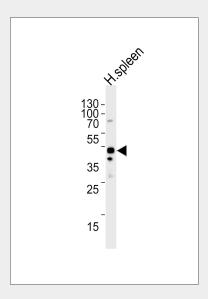
Ubiquitously expressed.

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of lysate from human spleen tissue lysate, using CHMP6 Antibody



(N-term)(Cat. #AP12454a). AP12454a was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug per lane.

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term) - Background

CHMP6 belongs to the chromatin-modifying protein/charged multivesicular body protein (CHMP) family. These proteins are components of ESCRT-III (endosomal sorting complex required for transport III), a complex involved in degradation of surface receptor proteins and formation of endocytic multivesicular bodies (MVBs). Some CHMPs have both nuclear and cytoplasmic/vesicular distributions, and one such CHMP, CHMP1A (MIM 164010), is required for both MVB formation and regulation of cell cycle progression (Tsang et al., 2006 [PubMed 16730941]).

CHMP6 Antibody (N-term) - References

Im, Y.J., et al. Dev. Cell 17(2):234-243(2009)
Fu, D., et al. Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem. 73(3):494-501(2009)
Kieffer, C., et al. Dev. Cell 15(1):62-73(2008)
Lamesch, P., et al. Genomics 89(3):307-315(2007)
Ewing, R.M., et al. Mol. Syst. Biol. 3, 89 (2007):