

MINA Antibody (N-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP12466a

Specification

MINA Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	FC, WB,E
Primary Accession	Q8IUF8
Other Accession	NP_001035998.1 , NP_694822.2 , NP_116167.3
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	52800
Antigen Region	1-30

MINA Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 84864

Other Names

Bifunctional lysine-specific demethylase and histidyl-hydroxylase MINA, 11411-, 60S ribosomal protein L27a histidine hydroxylase, Histone lysine demethylase MINA, MYC-induced nuclear antigen, Mineral dust-induced gene protein, Nucleolar protein 52, Ribosomal oxygenase MINA, ROX, MINA (HGNC:19441)

Target/Specificity

This MINA antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human MINA.

Dilution

FC~~1:10~50

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MINA Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MINA Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name RIOX2 ([HGNC:19441](#))

Function Oxygenase that can act as both a histone lysine demethylase and a ribosomal histidine hydroxylase. Is involved in the demethylation of trimethylated 'Lys-9' on histone H3 (H3K9me3), leading to an increase in ribosomal RNA expression. Also catalyzes the hydroxylation of 60S ribosomal protein L27a on 'His-39'. May play an important role in cell growth and survival. May be involved in ribosome biogenesis, most likely during the assembly process of pre-ribosomal particles.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleolus

Tissue Location

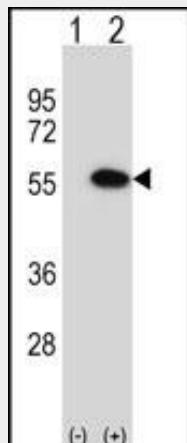
Expressed in liver, skeletal muscle, heart, pancreas, and placenta. Not detected in brain, lung or kidney. Expressed in several lung cancer tissues, but is barely detected in the adjacent non-cancerous tissues. Also highly expressed in several esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (ESCC), and colon cancer tissues, and in various cancer cell lines.

MINA Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

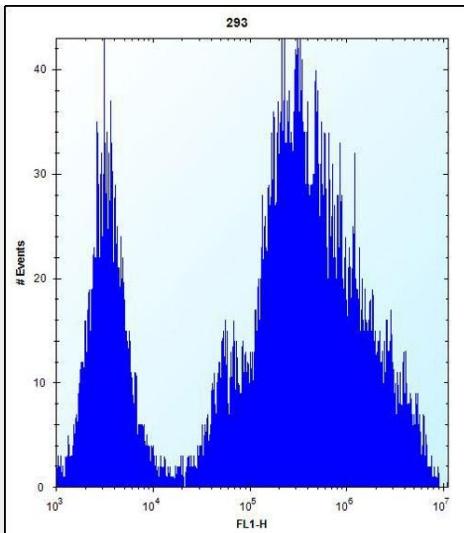
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MINA Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of MINA (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal MINA Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP12466a). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the MINA gene.



MINA Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP12466a) flow cytometric analysis of 293 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

MINA Antibody (N-term) - Background

MINA is a c-Myc (MYC; MIM 190080) target gene that may play a role in cell proliferation or regulation of cell growth. (Tsuneoka et al., 2002 [PubMed 12091391]; Zhang et al., 2005 [PubMed 15897898]).

MINA Antibody (N-term) - References

- Komiya, K., et al. J. Cancer Res. Clin. Oncol. 136(3):465-473(2010)
- Lu, Y., et al. Cell Cycle 8(13):2101-2109(2009)
- Zhang, Q., et al. Int. J. Biol. Markers 23(2):83-88(2008)
- Ishizaki, H., et al. Pathol. Int. 57(10):672-680(2007)
- Teye, K., et al. Oncol. Rep. 18(4):841-848(2007)