

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12514b

Specification

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q8NGY2

Other Accession NP_001005279.1

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
276-304

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 81448

Other Names

Olfactory receptor 6K2, Olfactory receptor OR1-17, OR6K2

Target/Specificity

This OR6K2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 276-304 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human OR6K2.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

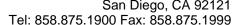
Precautions

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name OR6K2

Function Odorant receptor.





Cellular Location

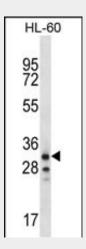
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) - Images



OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP12514b) western blot analysis in HL-60 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR6K2 antibody detected the OR6K2 protein (arrow).

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR6K2 Antibody (C-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)