

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP13644a

Specification

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application IHC-P, WB,E **Primary Accession O9BYI4** NP 569074.2, NP 569073.1, NP 067629.2, Other Accession NP 001003827.1 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Polyclonal Clonality Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 56864 Antigen Region 67-96

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 53840

Other Names Tripartite motif-containing protein 34, Interferon-responsive finger protein 1, RING finger protein 21, TRIM34, IFP1, RNF21

Target/Specificity

This TRIM34 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 67-96 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human TRIM34.

Dilution IHC-P~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information



Name TRIM34

Synonyms IFP1, RNF21

Function Functions as antiviral protein and contributes to the defense against retroviral infections (PubMed:<u>17156811</u>, PubMed:<u>32282853</u>). Acts as a capsid-specific restriction factor with the help of TRIM5 and prevents infection from non-host-adapted retroviruses (PubMed:<u>32282853</u>). During influenza A virus infection, promotes programmed cell death by targeting ZBP1 for 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination (PubMed:<u>35065966</u>). In turn, promotes ZBP1 recruitment of RIPK3 to mediate virus-induced programmed necrosis (PubMed:<u>35065966</u>). Negatively regulates the function of mitochondria by enhancing mitochondrial depolarization leading to cytochrome c release and mitochondria-dependent apoptosis (PubMed:<u>31956709</u>). Also promotes the formation of multinucleated giant cells by means of cell fusion and phagocytosis in epithelial cells (PubMed:<u>31487507</u>).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm Mitochondrion. Note=Localizes in cytoplasmic bodies together with TRIM5 and incoming HIV-1 capsids during infection.

Tissue Location

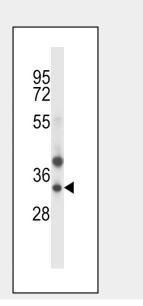
[Isoform 1]: Is the most abundant form. It is highly expressed in the placenta, spleen, colon and peripheral blood leukocytes.

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) - Images



TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13644a) western blot analysis in NCI-H292 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the TRIM34 antibody detected the TRIM34 protein (arrow).



TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13644a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human kidney tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) - Background

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The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the tripartite motif (TRIM) family. The TRIM motif includes three zinc-binding domains, a RING, B-box type 1 and B-box type 2 domain, and a coiled-coil region. Expression of this gene is up-regulated by interferon. This gene is mapped to chromosome 11p15, where it resides within a TRIM gene cluster. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. A read-through transcript from the upstream TRIM6 gene has also been observed, which results in a fusion product from these neighboring family members. [provided by RefSeq].

TRIM34 Antibody (N-term) - References

Sawyer, S.L., et al. PLoS Pathog. 3 (12), E197 (2007) : Li, X., et al. Virology 360(2):419-433(2007) Zhang, F., et al. Virology 353(2):396-409(2006) Li, X., et al. J. Virol. 80(13):6198-6206(2006) Reymond, A., et al. EMBO J. 20(9):2140-2151(2001)