

## **OR1N1 Antibody (C-term)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP13812b

### **Specification**

## **OR1N1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

**Application** WB,E **Primary Accession 08NGS0** Other Accession NP 036495.1 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 34650 Antigen Region 277-306

### OR1N1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 138883

#### **Other Names**

Olfactory receptor 1N1, Olfactory receptor 1-26, OR1-26, Olfactory receptor 1N3, Olfactory receptor OR9-22, OR1N1, OR1N3

### Target/Specificity

This OR1N1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 277-306 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human OR1N1.

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

OR1N1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **OR1N1** Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

### Name OR1N1

Synonyms OR1N3



Function Odorant receptor.

#### **Cellular Location**

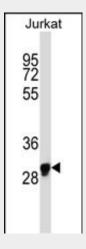
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

### OR1N1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# OR1N1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



OR1N1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP13812b) western blot analysis in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR1N1 antibody detected the OR1N1 protein (arrow).

### OR1N1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

### OR1N1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)





Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002) Rouquier, S., et al. Nat. Genet. 18(3):243-250(1998)